BULLETIN 310B VOL 2

TECHNICAL MANUAL 33 TELETYPEWRITER SETS KEYBOARD SEND-RECEIVE (KSR) RECEIVE-ONLY (RO) AUTOMATIC SEND-RECEIVE (ASR)



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310B

Volume 2

INTRODUCTION

Bulletin 310B is a technical manual that provides general and specific information about the 33 Keyboard Send-Receive (KSR), Receive-Only (RO), and Automatic Send-Receive (ASR) Teletypewriter Sets and their component units. It consists of two volumes.

Volume 1 contains a description of the 33 Teletypewriter Sets and gives installation instructions. Also included in Volume 1 is information on the disassembly and reassembly, lubrication, and principles of operation of the component units of the Teletypewriter Sets. Volume 2 includes adjustment information on all component units of 33 Teletypewriter Sets.

Each volume is made up of a group of appropriate independent sections. Each independent section is complete within itself—it is separately identified by a title and section number, and the pages are numbered consecutively.

Each individual section is identified by a 9-digit section number which appears at the top of each page of a section. The section number appears on the left corner of left-hand pages and on the right corner of right-hand pages. In addition, the section number on each page contains the suffix TC which identifies it as a Teletype Corporation section. All sections are placed in the technical manual in ascending numerical order.

To locate specific information, refer to the table of contents on the following page. In the first column, under "Equipment," find the name of the component unit or set in question. Move across the page to the second column and locate the title being sought. The applicable 9-digit section number can then be found in the third column. Turn to Page 1 of the applicable section, and the contents of that section will be found.

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33 KEYBOARD

ADJUSTMENTS

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1. GENERAL

1.01 This section provides adjustment information for 33 keyboards which are mechanically reset by an H-plate and the distributor trip linkage shown in 2.14. It is reissued to include information only on 33 keyboards. Also, this issue updates information and adds new information on the auxiliary contact mechanism used on parity keyboards and keylever springs used on numeric-type keyboards. Since this is a general revision, marginal arrows ordinarily used to indicate changes and additions are omitted.

Note: Adjustment information for solenoidreset keyboards is found in another section.

1.02 In the adjustments covered in this section, location of clearances, position of parts, and point and angle of scale applications are illustrated by line drawings. Requirements and procedures are set forth in the several texts that accompany the line drawings. Tools necessary to maintain 33 Teletypewriter Sets are shown in Maintenance Tools Section 570-005-800TC.

1.03 The sequence in which the adjustments appear is that which should be followed when a complete readjustment of the keyboard is undertaken. No single adjustment should be undertaken without first completely understanding the procedure and knowing the requirements. Therefore, read a procedure all the way through before making an adjustment or checking a spring tension.

Note: Disconnect the keyboard from any $\overline{\text{voltage}}$ source prior to inspection, minor repair, extensive maintenance, or a complete readjustment.

1.04 References to left, right, front, rear, etc consider the keyboard to be viewed from a position where the spacebar (Figure 3) faces up and the contact mechanism is located to the viewer's right.

1.05 When a procedure calls for using pry points or slots to make an adjustment, place a screwdriver between the points or in the slots and pry parts in the proper direction.

1.06 When the keyboard is removed from the subbase to facilitate the making of an adjustment and subsequently replaced, recheck any adjustments that may have been affected. Also, if parts are removed from the keyboard to facilitate the making of an adjustment, be sure that they are subsequently replaced. Recheck any adjustment that may have been affected by the removal of parts.

 Related adjustments are listed with some of the adjustment texts and are primarily intended to aid in troubleshooting the equipment. As an example, suppose that in searching for a trouble it is discovered that Part (2) of <u>CONTACT</u> <u>WIRES</u> adjustment does not meet its requirement. Under Related Adjustment it is indicated that Part (2) of this adjustment is affected by Part (1). Check Part (1) to see if it is the basic

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Figure 1 - 33 Keyboard (Parity)

cause of the trouble. Also, note that certain adjustments affect other adjustments. For example, see the <u>DISTRIBUTOR TRIP LINK-</u> <u>AGE</u> adjustment. Note that this adjustment affects the <u>TRIP LEVER ENGAGEMENT</u> adjustment. (See the appropriate typing unit section.) If the former adjustment is changed, check the latter adjustment.

 1.08 The spring tensions specified in this section are indications, not exact values. Therefore, to obtain reliable readings, it is important that spring tensions be measured by spring scales placed in the positions shown on pertinent line drawings. Springs that do not meet their requirements should be replaced by new ones. Only those springs that directly affect the operation of the keyboard are measured, however, others may be measured indirectly in the process. If, at first, the spring tension requirement cannot be met, replace the indicated spring being directly measured. Then, if the requirement is not met, any springs that are indirectly measured in the procedure should be replaced, one at a time, with the performance of requirement checks each time a spring is replaced.

Note 1: Use only spring scales which are recommended by the manufacturer. These spring scales are listed in Maintenance Tools Section 570-005-800 TC.

Note 2: The spring tensions may be checked in any sequence.

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Figure 2 - 33 Keyboard (Nonparity)

1.09 With the keyboard and typing unit assembled together on the subbase, adjustment procedures may specify that the typing unit be placed in the stop condition. It is in the stop condition when the selector armature is in its attracted (frontward) position and all clutches are disengaged. Furthermore, when the typing unit is in the stop condition the keyboard will be latched --- universal lever down and blocked from upward movement by an associated latch-lever.

Note: The keyboard is <u>tripped</u> when the universal lever is in its up position.

1.10 To place the typing unit in the stop condition, hold the selector armature in its attracted (frontward) position. Manually rotate the main shaft clockwise (as viewed from the left) until all clutches are in a stop position. Fully disengage all of the clutches by positioning a screwdriver to the associated stop-lug. Push the clutch disc in the normal direction of main shaft rotation until the corresponding latchlever seats in its clutch disc notch. This permits the clutch shoes to release their tensions on the clutch drum. With all clutches disengaged, the main shaft will turn freely without any dragging of the clutch shoes.



Figure 3 - Keyboard (Cover Removed)

Note 1: A stop position is that position where a shoe lever contacts a trip lever.

Note 2: The distributor clutch will not disengage unless the keyboard is latched and the answer-back drum is in its home position. The answer-back home position is the position where the control lever is fully detented into the indent on the answer-back drum.

1.11 A clutch is <u>tripped</u> by moving a trip lever up and away from contact with a shoe lever. When moved up, a trip lever no longer holds a shoe lever in its <u>stop position</u>. When the clutch is <u>tripped</u>, the shoe lever and a stop-lug on the clutch disc move apart, and the clutch becomes <u>engaged</u>. The clutch shoes wedge against the drum so that when the shaft is turned the clutch assembly will turn in unison with it. 1.12 General Maintenance Principles

- (a) Lubrication instructions and intervals are given in the appropriate lubrication sections.
- (b) To maintain the operational effectiveness of the equipment, it is recommended that certain parts be replaced at intervals based upon the speed and operating hours, as indicated below:

Operating Speed (Words per <u>Minute</u>)	Recommended Overhaul Interval (Hours*)	Estimated Service Life _(Hours*)
100	1500	4500

*Typing unit operating hours

Replacement parts are available in overhaul kits.

2. BASIC UNIT

2.01 Universal Link

Note: Remove keyboard and call control unit from subbase to facilitate the making of the following adjustments. For disassembly instructions, see the appropriate keyboard section.



and bend tab.

2.02 Contact Wires

CONTACT WIRES

Note: Part (1) of this adjustment applies to contact wires actuated by the reset bail. Part (2) applies to contact wires which have two camming surfaces and are operated by a Tlever and the reset bail.

(1) To Check

Push universal lever down until latched by latchlever. Place T-levers down in marking position. As each contact wire is checked, take up its play in a upward direction.

Requirement

To Adjust

Bend contact wire with TP185829 bending tool as shown.



(2) To Check

Push universal lever down until <u>latched</u> by latchlever. Place T-levers up in spacing position. Trip keyboard by depressing universal codebar. As each contact wire is checked, take up its play in an upward direction.

Requirement

To Adjust

Bend contact wire with TP185829 bending tool as shown.

Related Adjustment

Affected by

Part (2) of this adjustment is affected by Part (1).

(Front View)



2.04 Contact Wires (continued)

"CTRL" CONTACT WIRE

Note 1: This adjustment applies only to parity keyboards equipped with TP185780 $\overline{\text{CTRL}}$ keylever spring but without TP186049 blocking lever and TP186051 tie link.

<u>Note 2</u>: Contact wires on auxiliary contact block on left side of parity keyboards are designated A, B, C, and D from rear to front.

 To Check
 With the CTRL keytop unoperated, lightly take up play in contact block towards left to make clearance between the B contact wire and CTRL terminal a minimum. Check Requirement (a). Lightly take up play in contact block towards right to make clearance between B contact wire and CTRL terminal a maximum. Check Requirement (b).

(2) To Check

Fully depress the CTRL keytop and hold it depressed. Lightly take up play in contact block towards left to make clearance between the A contact wire and CTRL terminal a minimum. Check Requirement (c). Lightly take up play in contact block towards right to make clearance between A contact wire and CTRL terminal a maximum. Check Requirement (d).

Requirement



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2.05 Contact Wires (continued)

"CTRL" CONTACT WIRE

Note 1: This adjustment applies only to parity keyboards equipped with TP185780 CTRL keylever spring and with TP186049 blocking lever and TP186051 tie link.

Note 2: Contact wires on auxiliary contact block on left side of parity keyboards are designated \overline{A} , \overline{B} , \overline{C} , and \overline{D} from rear to front.

(1) To Check

With the CTRL keytop unoperated, lightly take up all play in contact block towards the left.

Requirement

(2) To Check

Fully depress the CTRL keytop and then trip the keyboard. Release the CTRL keytop. Lightly take up all play in contact block towards the left.

Requirement

Min 0.015 inch---Max 0.030 inch between A contact wire and CTRL terminal.

To Adjust

Bend contact wire(s) with TP185829 bending tool as shown.



2.06 Contact Block Spring and Contact Wire Spring



2.07 Spacebar Spring and Keylever Spring

Note: The SPACEBAR SPRING and KEYLEVER SPRING adjustments do not apply to keylever springs associated with the SPACE, BLOCK, hyphen, or O keytops found on numeric-type keyboards.

SPACEBAR SPRING

To Check

Push universal lever down until latched by latchlever. Depress spacebar and then release.

Requirement



KEYLEVER SPRING

To Check Push universal lever down until <u>latched</u> by latchlever. Select any keytop and depress. Release keytop.

Requirement

Min 5 grams---Max 30 grams to start selected keytop moving.



2.08 HERE IS, BREAK, CTRL, and REPT Keylever Springs

"BREAK" KEYLEVER SPRING "HERE IS" KEYLEVER SPRING Requirement Requirement Min 4-1/2 oz---Max 10 oz-Min 18 grams---Max 35 grams to start keytop moving. to start keytop moving. "CTRL" KEYLEVER SPRING "REPT" KEYLEVER SPRING Requirement Requirement Early design keyboards equipped with TP180102 Min 15 grams---Max 30 grams keylever spring: to start keytop moving. Min 1 - 1/2 oz --- Max 3 - 1/2 oz to start keytop moving. 3 Late design keyboards equipped with TP185780 keylever spring: Min 4-1/2 oz---Max 6-1/2 ozto start keytop moving. KEYTOP (Right Side View) **KEYLEVER** KEYLEVER SPRING FRAME

SPACE, BLOCK, Hyphen, or O Keylever Springs 2.09

KEYLEVER SPRINGS ("SPACE, " "BLOCK, " HYPHEN, "O" KEYTOPS)

Note 1: This adjustment applies only to keylever springs associated with SPACE, BLOCK, hyphen, or O keytops found on numeric-type keyboards.

To Check

Push universal lever down until latched by latchlever. Depress either the SPACE, BLOCK, hyphen, or O keytop. Release selected keytop.

Requirement

Note 2: Repeat above procedure for each of the SPACE, BLOCK, hyphen, and O keytops. Min 20 grams---Max 65 gramsto start selected keytop moving. SWARS <u>_</u> Children of SWA BO 0²0 0 "SPACE," "BLOCK," ''O'' OR HYPHEN **KEY TOP** KEYTOP KEYLEVER SPRINGS

(Right Side View)

2.10 Reset Bail Spring

RESET BAIL SPRING

To Check Push universal lever down until <u>latched</u> by latchlever. Trip keyboard by depressing RUB-OUT keytop.

Requirement Min 1-1/2 oz--- Max 2 oz to start reset bail moving.

(Front View)

2.11 Universal Link Spring

UNIVERSAL LINK SPRING

To Check

Push universal lever down until <u>latched</u> by latchlever. Trip keyboard by depressing universal codebar.



 $\frac{1}{12} \text{ Min } \frac{1}{2} \text{ oz} --Max \frac{1-1}{4} \text{ oz}$ to start universal link moving.



(Front View)

2.12 Shift Codebar Spring

SHIFT CODEBAR SPRING

Requirement

Nonparity keyboards:

Min 1-1/4 oz---Max 2-1/2 oz to start shift codebar tie link moving.



Parity keyboards:

-----Min 2 oz----Max 3-1/4 oz to start shift codebar tie link moving.



2.13 Nonrepeat Lever Spring

Note: Remove keyboard cover. For disassembly instructions, see appropriate keyboard section.

NONREPEAT LEVER SPRING

To Check

Push universal lever down until <u>latched</u> by latchlever.

Requirement



2.14 Universal Lever Spring

UNIVERSAL LEVER SPRING

To Check

Push universal lever down until <u>latched</u> by by latchlever. Hold reset bail away from universal lever.

Requirement





Note: Replace keyboard cover and reassemble keyboard (including H-plate) onto subbase. For reassembly instructions, see the appropriate keyboard section.

2.15 Distributor Trip Linkage

DISTRIBUTOR TRIP LINKAGE

To Check

Place typing unit in <u>stop condition</u>. Depress RUB-OUT key to trip distributor clutch. Rotate main shaft until keyboard follower lever is moved to its lowest point by cam roller. Push against reset bail spring anchor with just enough force to slightly move reset bail up.



2.16 Latchlever Spring

LATCHLEVER SPRING

To Check

Place typing unit in <u>stop condition</u>. Trip distributor clutch and rotate main shaft until keyboard follower lever is moved by cam roller to its lowest point.

Requirement

——Min 1/2 oz---Max 1 oz to start latchlever moving.

<u>Note</u>: Replace call control unit onto subbase. For reassembly instructions, see appropriate keyboard section.



33 TYPING UNIT

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1. GENERAL	
 This section provides adjustment mation for the 33 typing unit. New this issue is (a) exclusive coverage of 33 unit, (b) engineering changes, (c) two 	within typing

printing and typing unit suppression features,

(d) revised order of adjustments, (e) title changes (which now provide a functional description of the associated area). Marginal arrows indicat-ing changes are omitted.

parts, and point and angle of scale applications

In the adjustments covered in this section, location of clearances, position of

* 1.02

Page 3



Figure 1 - Distributor, Main Shaft, Motor, and Platen Areas

are illustrated by line drawings. Requirements and procedures are set forth in the several texts that accompany the line drawings. Required tools are included in TP185830 maintenance tool kit and are listed in Section 570-005-800. A DXD800 Signal Distortion Test Set was used to determine the requirements for the selector receiving margins.

O3 Adjustments are divided into two categories -- basic and variations. Basic adjustments apply to all friction feed and/or sprocket feed typing units. Adjustments found under variations apply only to typing units which have the particular feature (s) under consideration. The F and S following an adjustment title mean that the adjustment applies only to friction feed (F) or sprocket feed (S) typing units. No letter designation indicates that the adjustment applies to both types of equipment.

1.04 Adjustments are presented in a definite order which is considered the best to follow when completely readjusting the equipment. Certain interrelated adjustments, which appear on the same page, should be checked and adjusted in a definite sequence. The sequence is indicated by the letters (A), (B), etc. No single adjustment should be undertaken without first completely understanding the procedure and knowing the requirements. Therefore, read a procedure all the way through before making an adjustment or checking a spring tension.

Note: Disconnect the typing unit from any ac or dc potential prior to inspection, minor repair, extensive maintenance, or a complete readjustment.

1.05 References to left, right, front, rear, etc consider the typing unit to be viewed from a position where the carriage area faces



(Left Front View)

Figure 2 - Carriage, Selector, and Spacing Areas

up and the selector area is located to the viewer's left.

1.06 Unless specifically stated otherwise, make screws or nuts friction tight to make an adjustment and tighten them securely once the adjustment has been made.

1.07 When a procedure calls for using pry points or slots to make an adjustment, place a screwdriver between the points or in the slots and pry parts in the proper direction.

1.08 Due to a high degree of congestion within certain areas of some typing units, some disassembly will be required prior to making certain adjustments. If parts or subassemblies are removed from the typing unit to facilitate the making of an adjustment, be sure that they are subsequently replaced. Recheck any adjustments that may have been affected by the removal of parts or subassemblies.

Note 1: Do not remove parts and/or subassemblies unless it is considered absolutely necessary to perform an adjustment.

Note 2: Instructions for the disassembly and reassembly of parts and/or subassemblies are given in the appropriate disassembly and reassembly section and/or appropriate illustrated parts section.

Note 3: Do not lift typing unit while holding any part of the selector mechanism. Excessive strain on the selector mechanism, due to the weight of the typing unit, may cause selector malfunctioning. See appropriate disassembly and reassembly section for the proper method of lifting typing unit from its subbase.

1.09 Related adjustments are listed with some of the adjustment texts and are primarily intended to aid introubleshooting the equipment. As an example, suppose that in searching for a



FUNCTION AREA

Figure 3 - Answer-Back and Function Areas

trouble it is discovered that the <u>FUNCTION</u> <u>CLUTCH POSITION</u> adjustment does not meet its requirement. Under Related Adjustments it is indicated that this adjustment is affected by the <u>LEFT BEARING POSITION</u> adjustment. First, check it to see if it is the cause of the trouble. Also, it is indicated that the <u>FUNC-</u> <u>TION CLUTCH POSITION</u> adjustment affects <u>FUNCTION CLUTCH ENDPLAY</u>, <u>CODEBAR</u> <u>CLUTCH ENDPLAY</u>, and <u>CODEBAR CLUTCH</u> <u>TRIP LEVER LINE-UP</u> adjustments. If the former adjustment is changed, check the latter adjustments. Note: Information in parentheses () following any related adjustment gives the associated paragraph number and area, if different from the paragraph number at the top of the page.

1.10 The spring tensions specified in this section are indications, not exact values.

Therefore, to obtain reliable readings, it is important that spring tensions be measured by spring scales placed in the positions shown on pertinent line drawings. Springs that do not meet their requirements should be replaced by



Figure 4 - Paper Alarm Control, Form Feed, and Platen Areas

new ones. Only those springs that directly affect the operation of the typing unit are measured, however, others may be measured indirectly in the process. If, at first, the spring tension requirement cannot be met, replace the indicated spring being directly measured. Then if the requirement is not met, any springs that are indirectly measured in the procedure should be replaced, one at a time, with the performance of requirement checks each time a spring is replaced.

Note 1: Use only spring scales which are recommended by the manufacturer and found in Maintenance Tools Section 570-005-800.

Note 2: The spring tensions may be checked in any sequence.

1.11 All adjustment procedures should be started with the typing unit in the stop condition. It is in the stop condition when the selector armature is in its attracted (frontward) position and all clutches are disengaged.

1.12 To place the typing unit in the <u>stop condition</u>, use TP185832 armature clip to hold the selector armature in its attracted (frontward) position. Rotate the main shaft clockwise (as viewed from the left) until all clutches are in a <u>stop position</u>. Fully disengage all of the clutches as instructed in 1.13 following.

Note 1: A stop position is that position where \overline{a} shoe lever contacts \overline{a} trip lever.

Note 2: The distributor clutch will not disengage unless the answer-back drum is in its home position, which is the position where the control lever is fully detented into the indent on the answer-back drum.

1.13 When disengaged, a clutch is latched so that a shoe lever is held in its stop position by a trip lever while a corresponding

latchlever is seated in a notch of the clutch disc. This allows the clutch shoes to release their tension on the clutch drum. With all clutches disengaged, the main shaft will turn freely without any clutch shoes dragging.

Note: If the shaft is turned by hand, a clutch will not fully disengage upon reaching a <u>stop</u> position. Where an adjustment procedure calls for disengagement, rotate the clutch to a <u>stop</u> position, apply a screwdriver to the associated stop-lug, and push the clutch disc in the normal direction of main shaft rotation until the corresponding latchlever seats in its clutch disc notch. As a reminder, the word "latched" follows instructions to disengage the clutches.

1.14 A clutch is engaged when a trip lever is moved up so that it no longer holds a shoe lever in its stop position. When this action occurs, the shoe lever and a stop-lug on the clutch disc move apart, and the clutch shoes wedge against the drum, so that when the shaft is turned, the clutch will turn in unison with it.

1.15 Manual Operation: To manually operate the typing unit, place it in the stop condition as instructed in 1.12 and 1.13. Momentarily permit the armature to move to its unattracted (rearward) position to trip the selector clutch. Slowly rotate the main shaft clockwise (as viewed from the left) until all push levers have moved under their respective selector levers. Using a spring hook, strip the push levers from under the selector levers corresponding to the spacing elements of the code combination to be set up. Then continue to rotate the main shaft until the proper condition is set up or the character is cleared through the typing unit.

1.16 The selector levers are numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 6, and 8 from left to right. To set up the character Y, for example, whose 8-level code combination is 1--45-78, strip the push levers from the 2, 3, and 6 selector levers.

1.17 Code combinations within this section are not always given as parity codes. Parity codes are obtained by proper transformation of the eighth code level as explained in the typing unit principles of operation section.

1.18 To aid in physically locating the adjustments and spring tensions, the typing unit is divided into eleven areas. These areas

are indicated in Figures 1 through 4 as follows:

Area	Figure
Carriage	2
Distributor	1
Function	3
Main Shaft	1
Motor	1
Selector	2
Spacing	2
Platen	1, 4
Form Feed	4
Answer-Back	3
Paper Alarm Control	4

2. BASIC UNIT

2.01 Distributor Area

(B) SHAFT LEFT BEARING GAP

Requirement

Min some---Max 0.012 inch between left bearing and clutch gear assembly as gauged by eye.

To Adjust

Disengage (latch) distributor clutch. Hold clutch gear assembly firmly to right. Position left bearing with clampscrews loosened. Tighten left

bearing clampscrews.

(A) BRUSH HOLDER GAP

Requirement
 With distributor clutch disengaged
 (latched)
 Min 0.010 inch---Max 0.060 inch-- between brush holder and disc.
 Requirement
 During entire brush holder rotation
 Min 0.002 inch--- between brush holder and disc.

To Adjust With three bearing clampscrews, position distributor shaft. Tighten

right, but not left, bearing clampscrew.



2.02 Distributor Area (continued)

TRIP SHAFT POSITION



(Top View)

2.03 Distributor Area (continued)

CLUTCH SHOE LEVER GAP

To Check

Push universal lever down until <u>latched</u> by latchlever. Disengage (latch) distributor clutch. Measure and record clearance between shoe lever and stop-lug. Trip distributor clutch by moving trip lever rearward. Fully seat the clutch shoes by applying slight pressure against the shoe lever along its normal path of forward travel. Measure and record same clearance as above.

(1) Requirement

With distributor clutch disengaged (latched) Min 0.015 inch

between stop-lug and shoe lever.

(2) Requirement

Clearance between stop-lug and shoe lever

Min 0.050 inch---Max 0.080 inch greater when distributor clutch is engaged than when disengaged.

To Adjust

Remove answer-back drum. With clampscrew friction tight, position trip lever using pry point. Tighten clampscrew. Replace answer-back drum.



(Left Side View)

2.04 Distributor Area (continued)

Note 1: Remove typing unit from subbase to facilitate making succeeding adjustments. For instructions, see the appropriate disassembly and reassembly section.

Note 2: Do not lift typing unit while holding any part of the selector mechanism. Excessive strain on the selector mechanism, due to the weight of the typing unit, may cause selector malfunctioning. See the appropriate disassembly and reassembly section for the proper method of lifting the typing unit from its subbase.

BRUSH HOLDER POSITION

Requirement

_ With distributor clutch disengaged (latched), pointer should be within locating mark.

To Adjust

Loosen mounting screws and position distributor brush holder. Tighten mounting screws.






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2.06 Distributor Area (continued)



2.07 Main Shaft Area



endplay between left bearing and collar.

To Adjust

With the selector clutch drum mounting screw friction tight, position the clutch drum. (If a complete readjustment of the typing unit is to be performed, loosen all screws on main shaft except collar screw immediately to the right of the left main shaft bearing.) Tighten mounting screw.



2.09 Main Shaft Area (continued)

CODEBAR CLUTCH ENDPLAY



To Adjust

Loosen driven gear mounting screw, and position driven gear to meet requirement. Tighten driven gear mounting screw.

Related Adjustment

Affected By LEFT BEARING POSITION (Par. 2.07)

2.10 Main Shaft Area (continued)

Requirement - Min some---Max 0.012 inch endplay between washer and form feed clutch. To Adjust Loosen drum screw and position drum. (B) LATCHLEVER ENDPLAY - S Requirement - Min some---Max 0.012 inch endplay between latchlever assembly and collar. To Adjust Loosen setscrew and position collar. Tighten screw. FORM FEED DRUM CLUTCH LATCHLEVER ASSEMBLY WASHER SET-SCREW MAIN SHAFT COLLAR SCREW

(A) FORM FEED CLUTCH ENDPLAY - S

(Top View)

2.11 Main Shaft Area (continued)

CODEBAR CLUTCH TRIP LEVER LINE-UP

- (1) Requirement As gauged by eye, codebar clutch trip lever approximately aligned with shoe lever
 - within 0.030 inch.
- (2) Requirement Min 0.005 inch between function clutch trip roller's shaft and codebar reset cam when all play is taken up to make clearance minimum.



0

To Adjust Loosen clampscrew and position trip lever.

Note: It may also be necessary to loosen setscrew in collar.

Related Adjustments

Affects TRIP SHAFT LATCHLEVER ENDPLAY (Par. 2.11)

Affected By LEFT BEARING POSITION (Par. 2.07) FUNCTION CLUTCH POSITION (Par. 2.08)

TRIP SHAFT LATCHLEVER ENDPLAY

Requirement

Min some---Max 0.012 inch endplay in latchlevers, as gauged by eye.

To Adjust

Loosen setscrew and position collar. Tighten setscrew.

Related Adjustment Affected By CODEBAR CLUTCH TRIP LEVER LINE-UP (Par. 2.11)

SETSCREW COLLAR FUNCTION CLUTCH TRIP ROLLER'S SHAFT

LATCHLEVER CODEBAR

CLAMPSCREW

RESET CAM

LEVER

SHOE LEVER

CODEBAR CLUTCH

TRIP

LATCHLEVER

2.12 Main Shaft Area (continued)



2.13 Main Shaft Area (continued)

TRIP LEVER SPRINGS

Note: Check for both codebar and function clutches.



2.14 Main Shaft Area (continued)

CODEBAR AND FUNCTION CLUTCH SHOE LEVER GAPS

(1) To Check

Disengage (latch) clutch. Trip clutch by lifting trip lever. Permit trip lever to come to rest on shoe lever. Fully seat clutch shoes by applying slight pressure against shoe lever along its normal path of forward travel.

Requirement

— Min 0.055 inch---Max 0.085 inch between edge of trip lever and edge of shoe lever.

(2) To Check

Disengage (latch) clutch.

Requirement

To Adjust

Loosen clampscrew. Lengthen or shorten trip lever clearance to meet requirement. Tighten clampscrew.

Note: On typing units with either a scribed line or a notch on the trip lever, gauge by eye the alignment of the scribed line or notch and the front edge of the shoe lever. They are to line up.



(Rear View)

LATCHLEVER SPRINGS







Note 1: These tensions apply to all clutches.

CLUTCH SHOE LEVER SPRING





2.17 Selector Area (continued)



2.18 Selector Area (continued)

ARMATURE SPRING

Note: This is a preliminary adjustment. It should not be considered final until $\overline{\text{RECEIVING MARGINS}}$ (Par. 2. 120) adjustment is completed, and, as finally adjusted, it could fall outside limits specified below.

To Check

Place typing unit in stop condition and carriage near right margin. Hold start lever away from armature.

Requirement

Min 2-1/4 oz---Max 4-3/4 oz _____ to pull armature to midpoint of travel.

To Adjust

Rotate adjusting nut clockwise to increase armature spring tension and counterclockwise to decrease it.

Related Adjustments

Affects

RECEIVING MARGINS (Par. 2.120)

Affected By

ARMATURE BRACKET POSITION (Par. 2.17)



2.19 Selector Area (continued) START LEVER SPRING Requirement With typing unit in stop condition Min 19 02---Max 23 02 to pull start lever spring to installed length. START LEVER START LEVER SPRING Kongeneration Kongeneration With typing unit in stop condition Min 19 02---Max 23 02 START Lever spring to installed length. START LEVER SPRING Kongeneration Kongeneration



2.20 Selector Area (continued)

SELECTOR LEVER SPRINGS



2.21 Selector Area (continued) STRIPPER BAIL SPRING

To Check

Set rangefinder at 60. Set up an all spacing code combination in selector. Rotate main shaft until typing unit is in stop condition.

Requirement

Min 1/4 oz---Max 1 oz _____ to start stripper bail moving.



(Left Side View)



Note 2: Check each pushlever spring.

(Left Side View)

2.22 Selector Area (continued)



Requirement

---- Min 13 oz---Max 16 oz to hold shoe lever.

2.23 **Function Area**

ROCKER SHAFT POSITION AND ENDPLAY

- (1) Requirement Both bearings should be centered on base casting, as gauged by eye.
 - To Adjust

Loosen collar setscrews and bearing clampscrews and position bearings. Tighten bearing clampscrews.

(2) Requirement

The left end of function rocker shaft should line up with inside top edge of base casting lip, however:

0.030 inch misalignment is permissible to the left.

0,060 inch misalignment is permissible to the right.

(3) Requirement

- Min some---Max 0.010 inch endplay in function rocker shaft.

To Adjust

Loosen setscrews and position function rocker shaft and both collars.



2.24 Function Area (continued)

BEARING ALIGNMENT

<u>Note 1</u>: This adjustment applies to main shaft bearings, distributor shaft bearings, function rocker shaft bearings, and codebar reset bail bearings. It should only be made if bearing clamps have been loosened, or if a bind is detected in associated shafts.

Requirement

Bearings should be aligned with their respective shaft.

To Adjust

- (a) With bearing clamps loosened, position bearing using finger pressure while rotating associated shaft. Tighten clampscrews.
- (b) If bind still exists, keep bearing clamp tightened and apply a light blow vertically to top of bearing clamp.

MAIN SHAFT ROTATION

Note 2: This adjustment should be checked when adjustments affecting the typing unit drive system have been disturbed.

(1) To Check

With motor drive belt removed and all clutches disengaged (latched), manually rotate main shaft.

Requirement

No excessive drag or binding should be detected.

(2) To Check

With motor belt installed and all clutches disengaged (latched), manually rotate main shaft.

Requirement

No excessive drag or binding should be detected.

Note 3: Excessive drag or binding when the main shaft is rotated will cause insufficient receiving margins.

To Adjust

If requirements are not met, check following adjustments: <u>GEAR BACKLASH</u> (Motor Area) (Par. 2.25) <u>BELT TENSION</u> (Motor Area) (Par. 2.26) <u>LEFT BEARING POSITION</u> (Main Shaft Area) (Par. 2.07) <u>SELECTOR CAM ENDPLAY</u> (Main Shaft Area) (Par. 2.07) <u>FUNCTION CLUTCH ENDPLAY</u> (Main Shaft Area) (Par. 2.08) <u>CODEBAR CLUTCH ENDPLAY</u> (Main Shaft Area) (Par. 2.09) <u>DRIVEN GEAR LINE-UP</u> (Main Shaft Area) (Par. 2.09) <u>FORM FEED CLUTCH ENDPLAY</u> (Main Shaft Area) - S (Par. 2.10) <u>SHOE LEVER GAP AND TRIP LEVER ENGAGEMENT</u> (Selector Area) (Par. 2.16) <u>BEARING ALIGNMENT</u> (Par. 2.24)

2.25 Motor Area





(Right Side View)

2.26 Motor Area (continued)

BELT TENSION **To Check** -Rotate fan clockwise (viewed from left) until upper level of motor belt becomes taut. Using a spring scale, apply 16 oz force at center of belt. Requirement Min 0. 100 inch---Max 0. 135 inchdeflection at center of motor belt. To Adjust Loosen four clampscrews and rotate motor in cradle. Tighten clampscrews. **Related Adjustments** Affects **RECEIVING MARGINS (Selector Area) (Par. 2.120)** Affected by GEAR BACKLASH (Par. 2.25) MOTOR BELT (Right Side View) MOTOR FAN CLAMP-SCREWS

(Top View)

C

2.27 Function Area (continued)



2.28 Function Area (continued)



2.29 Function Area (continued)

PRINT SUPPRESSION LATCH — HORIZONTAL CLEARANCE



**Note 2: Some typing units have one clamp nut to loosen, others two, depending upon the configuration of the latch bracket used.

2.30 Function Area (continued)

CODEBAR RESET GUIDE POSITION

(1) Requirement

- Codebars should have no noticeable curvature when viewed from their ends.

Note: The following To Check is for units equipped with TP181574 $\overline{\text{EOT}}$ function lever, TP180801 universal function lever, or similar function levers.

To Check

Manually set up an all marking code combination in the selector. Rotate main shaft until the function lever reaches its highest point of travel. Lightly take up any play between the function lever and codebars.

(2) Requirement

The codebars should fully engage the function lever tines.

To Adjust

Loosen clampscrew and position codebar guide using pry point. Tighten clampscrew.





2.31 Function Area (continued)

SELECTOR BLOCKING LEVERS POSITIONING

Note: Set rangefinder to 80 on scale for both (1) and (2) To Check.

(1) To Check

Manually operate typing unit and set up an all marking code combination in selector. Continue rotating main shaft until selector levers are on peak of their respective cams and codebar ends are approximately flush with left edge of their associated blocking levers.

(1) Requirement

- Min 0.006 inch--- Max 0.050 inch

between the no. 1 blocking lever and its associated codebar.

(2) Requirement

—— Min 0.003 inch

between all remaining blocking levers and their associated codebars.



(2) To Check

Manually rotate mainshaft. Hold armature forward in its marking position and rotate main shaft until selector clutch shoe lever is in vertical (12 o'clock) position. Continue rotating main shaft until shoe lever reaches 3 o'clock position as viewed from left, and note any vertical motion of no. 1 or no. 2 blocking levers.

Requirement

No visible vertical motion of no. 1 or no. 2 blocking levers while selector clutch shoe lever is moving from 12 o'clock to 3 o'clock position.

To Adjust

Loosen clamp nut and position eccentric with hex key wrench. Keep high part of eccentric toward rear of typing unit. Tighten clamp nut.

BLOCKING LEVER SPRINGS

To Check

Set up an all spacing code combination in the selector. Rotate main shaft until typing unit is in stop condition.

Requirement[.]

--- Min 1/2 oz---Max 1-1/4 oz to start blocking lever moving.

Note: Check each blocking lever spring.

2.32 Function Area (continued)

AUTOMATIC CODEBAR SPRING

Requirement



LEFT ROCKER DRIVE

Set up carriage return code

combination (1-34---8) in selec-

tor. Rotate main shaft until func-

To Check

2.33 Function Area (continued)

FUNCTION PAWL SPRING

Requirement With typing unit in stop condition

and all external loads which would influence the requirement removed

tion bail is at highest point of **TP49420 TP86283 TP180863** Pawl travel. Take up carriage return Spring (26 Turns) (38 Turns) (33 Turns) function lever play in an upward direction at the pivot clearance. 9 oz 1 - 1/4 oz Min 3 oz -2 - 1/2 oz Max 13 oz 5-1/2 oz-Requirement Min 0.015 inch---Max 0.050 inch to start each function pawl moving. between carriage return function lever and its function pawl. Note: Check each pawl spring. TP180863 pawl spring is used To Adjust with the carriage return func-Loosen clampscrew. Use pry tion pawl. TP86283 pawl spring point to adjust rocker drive arm. is used with the answer-back Tighten clampscrew. blocking function pawl. TP49420 **Related Adjustments** pawl spring is used with BELL Affects and EOT function pawls. All RIGHT ROCKER DRIVE others may be either the TP49420 (Par. 2.35) or TP86283 pawl springs. CARRIAGE RETURN LEVER -LATCH CLEARANCE PAWL SPRINĠ (Par. 2.39) FUNCTION FUNCTION LEVER RETAINER PAWL (Par. 2.41) SEE PAR. 2.24 LINE FEED DRIVE ARM PRY FOR PARTS CLEARANCE (Platen Area) - F POINT LOCATION \bigcirc (Par. 2.105) CARRIAGE RETURN FUNCTION LEVER CLAMP-SCREW FUNCTION ROCKER ROCKER SHAFT DRIVE ARM (Left Front View)

2.34 Function Area (continued)



(Right Side View)

2.35 Function Area (continued)

RIGHT ROCKER DRIVE

To Check

Disengage (latch) distributor clutch. Set up answer-back character WRU code combination (1-3---8) in selector. Rotate main shaft until function bail is at its highest point. Make sure that distributor clutch has not been tripped. Take up answer-back function lever play in an upward direction at the pivot to minimize clearance.

Requirement

Min 0.015 inch---Max 0.050 inch — between answer-back function lever and its function pawl.

To Adjust

Loosen clampscrew. Use pry point to adjust right rocker arm. Tighten clampscrew.

Related Adjustments

Affects

FORM-OUT LEVER OVERTRAVEL (Form Feed Area) - S (Par. 2.65) LINE FEED PAWL STRIPPING (Form Feed Area) - S (Par. 2.75) SPACE SUPPRESSION LEVER CLEAR-ANCE — SPACING (Spacing Area) (Par. 2.117)

Affected By LEFT ROCKER DRIVE (Par. 2.33)

Note: If typing unit is not equipped with the answer-back feature, select a code combination which will permit the rightmost function lever to be selected.



2.36 Function Area (continued)





2.38 Function Area (continued)



2.39 **Function Area (continued)** (Left Front View) **CARRIAGE RETURN LEVER – LATCH CLEARANCE** CARRIAGE To Check RETURN Position carriage to center of typing unit LATCH CARRIAGE and carefully remove carriage return RETURN spring. Set up carriage return code com-LEVER bination (1-34---8) in selector. Rotate main shaft until function bail reaches lowest point of travel. Position left end of carriage return lever rearward to eliminate its play. (1) Requirement Early design (Early Design) carriage return lever flush with carriage return latch Within 0.005 inch -(2) Requirement Late design Min some---Max 0.030 inch between carriage return lever and carriage return latch. To Adjust **PRY POINTS** Loosen clampscrew. Use pry points to position carriage return lever. Tighten clampscrew. Replace carriage return spring. CLAMPSCREW. **Related Adjustment** Affected By LEFT ROCKER DRIVE (Par. 2.33) CARRIAGE RETURN (Late Design) LEVER 6 (Left Front View) CARRIAGE RETURN LATCH

2.40 Function Area (continued)



2.41 Function Area (continued)

FUNCTION BAIL SPRING

Requirement



FUNCTION LEVER RETAINER

Note: Perform (1) To Check, on units containing function lever retainers TP183851 and TP183853. For typing units equipped with the print-nonprint feature and TP185980 function lever retainers, perform (2) To Check.

(1) To Check

With an all marking code combination in the selector, manually operate the typing unit until the blade is at its highest point of travel.

(2) To Check

With an all marking code combination in the selector, manually operate the typing unit until the blade is at its lowest point of travel.

Requirement

Min some---Max 0.020 inch

at the point of least clearance between the function lever retainer and its associated function levers.

To Adjust

Loosen mounting screws and position retainers. Tighten screws.

Related Adjustment

Affected By LEFT ROCKER DRIVE (Par. 2.33)
2.42 Carriage Area

FRONT ROLLERS CLEARANCE

<u>Note 1</u>: This adjustment does not apply to typing units equipped with nonadjustable parts such as TP183503 bearing housing and TP183504 bearing retainer.

To Check

Place typing unit in <u>stop condition</u>. Remove the carriage return spring. Take up roller play toward the front of the typing unit.

Requirement

Min some---Max 0.005 inch between carriage front roller and carriage front rail.

To Adjust

Loosen mounting nut and position each roller against rail by means of eccentric shaft. Slowly back off eccentric shaft to meet requirement. Tighten mounting nut.

Note 2: Some positions of carriage front roller may show a slight drag condition. This is acceptable providing there is no perceptible increase in carriage friction due to condition.



2.43 Carriage Area (continued)

POWER BAIL ROLLER CLEARANCE

To Check

Trip function clutch and rotate main shaft until carriage drive bail is at lowest point of travel.

Requirement

Min some---Max 0.005 inch between front roller and carriage drive bail.

To Adjust

Loosen mounting nut and position front roller by means of eccentric shaft. Tighten mounting nut.

Related Adjustments

Affects

PRINT DRIVE LEVER POSITIONING (Par. 2.47) RESET LEVER POSITIONING (Par. 2.52)

RACK AND PINION BACKLASH

To Check

Place typing unit in stop condition.

Requirement

Each rack should have — Min some---Max 0.010 inch backlash.

To Adjust

Loosen lock plate clampscrews and move lock plate towards the rear. Loosen one adjusting plate clampscrew friction tight and place a 0.006-inch feeler gauge between the rack and adjusting plate. Position adjusting plate for no play between the rack and pinion using pry point. Tighten adjusting plate clampscrew and remove feeler gauge. Repeat procedure for adjusting plate on other side. Position lock plate against adjusting plates. Tighten lock plate clampscrews.

Note 2: Do not loosen both adjusting plate clampscrews at the same time.





Note 1: This adjustment is to be performed only on typing unit carriages containing the TP180548 adjusting plate and TP180549 bracket.



2.44 Carriage Area (continued)

ROTARY DRIVE BAIL SPRING





2.45 Carriage Area (continued)



2.46 Carriage Area (continued)

REAR RAIL POSITION

(1) To Check

Position the dashpot plunger just outside the dashpot cylinder. With the selector no. 1 code level in the marking condition, rotate the main shaft until the shift slide barely contacts rear stop surface of stop plate. Take up all play to minimize the required clearance.

Requirement

Min 0.025 inch---Max 0.040 inchbetween bottom edge of shift slide and top edge of stop plate.

(2) To Check

Condition the typing unit as in (1) To Check above except place carriage to the right with center of the typewheel 1/2 inch from the right hand margin.

Requirement

Min 0.025 inch---Max 0.040 inch between bottom edge of shift slide and top edge of stop plate.

PRY POINT

(Front View)



CARRIAGE REAR RAIL

2.47 Carriage Area (continued)



(A) REAR ROLLER CLEARANCE

To Check Rotate main shaft until carriage drive bail is in rearmost position.

Requirement

Min some---Max 0. 008 inch between carriage rear rail and carriage rear roller (upper).

To Adjust

Loosen clamp nut and position eccentric shaft with hex wrench in hex hole. Tighten clamp nut.

(B) PRINT DRIVE LEVER POSITIONING

To Check

Place typing unit in stop condition and move carriage until its power bail rollers are positioned directly above the carriage drive link. Take up play in vertical drive bail in a downward direction, and take up play in common stop arm toward the left.

REAR RAIL

Requirement

Late design typing units equipped with TP183993 cam sleeve Min 0.065 inch---Max 0.090 inchbetween vertical drive bail and common stop arm. Early design typing units equipped with TP180806 cam sleeve Min 0.229 inch---Max 0.239 inchbetween vertical drive bail and common stop arm as gauged with a TP180588 adjusting tool. Note: The TP180588 adjusting tool has a nominal dimension of 0.234 inch. CARRIAGE To Adjust POWER Loosen print drive lever clampscrew (Right Side View) BAIL and position print drive lever using pry points. Tighten clampscrew. PRINT DRIVE LEVER **Related Adjustments** COMMON Affects STOP ARM RIGHT SLIDE GUIDE PLATE RESET (Par. 2.58) CLAMPSCREW PRINT TRIP LEVER RELEASE (Par. 2.50) PRINT TRIP LEVER RESET (Par. 2.53) Affected By POWER BAIL ROLLER CLEARANCE (Par. 2.43) **REAR RAIL POSITION TP180588** (Par. 2.46) ADJUSTING TOOL VERTICAL PRY POINTS-DRIVE BAIL

2.48 Carriage Area (continued)

(Top View)



TYPEWHEEL POSITIONING

Note: Make the following adjustment only if typing unit is to be completely readjusted.

To Check

Set up code combination in selector of a character in counterclockwise field of typewheel. Rotate main shaft until carriage drive bail is in rearmost position. Check to see if vertical row containing character is properly selected. Repeat for a character in clockwise field.

Requirement

Typewheel positioning correct in both clockwise and counterclockwise directions.

To Adjust

Place typing unit in stop condition. Open up LEFT SLIDE GUIDEPLATE RESET (Par. 2.59) and RIGHT SLIDE GUIDEPLATE RESET (Par. 2.58) adjustments. Loosen two clampscrews friction tight. Place either 0.028-inch gauge or TP180587 adjusting tool across end of racks. Hold reset lever in place and position stop plate so that entire slide assembly is tight against

Related Adjustments

racks and tool.

Affects

PRINT TRIP LEVER RELEASE (Par. 2.50) LEFT SLIDE GUIDEPLATE RESET (Par. 2.59) RIBBON POSITIONING (Par. 2.60)

SLIDE GUIDEPLATE SPRINGS

Note 1: To check slide guideplate springs, it is necessary to remove the carriage mechanism from the typing unit. See appropriate disassembly and reassembly section. Do not check unless there is reason to believe that the slide guideplate springs will not meet their requirement.

Requirement

Min 1 oz---Max 3 oz _____ to pull each spring to installed length.

Note 2: Check right and left springs.

2.49 Carriage Area (continued)





2.51 Carriage Area (continued)

FOURTH PULSE LINKAGE POSITIONING

To Check

Place carriage to left margin. With an all marking code combination set up in selector, manually operate the typing unit until the function clutch just trips. Take up play in left rack in a downward direction. Check requirement, then repeat requirement check with carriage at the right margin.

Requirement

— Min 0.005 inch---Max 0.055 inch between rotary drive arm and left rack.

To Adjust Bend pulse lever using pry points.



Related Adjustments Affected By <u>CODEBAR RESET LEVER POSITION</u> (Function Area) (Par. 2.28) <u>REAR RAIL POSITION (Par. 2.46)</u>

2.52 Carriage Area (continued)

RESET LEVER POSITIONING

Requirement

When typing unit returns to stop condition, racks should be completely reset.

To Adjust

Place carriage in center of typing unit. Loosen clampscrew and allow positioning spring to fully reset racks. Tighten clampscrew.

Related Adjustments

Affected By POWER BAIL ROLLER CLEARANCE (Par. 2. 43) REAR RAIL POSITION (Par. 2. 46) PRINT TRIP LEVER RELEASE (Par. 2. 50)



(Top View)



2.53 Carriage Area (continued)

PRINT TRIP LEVER RESET



(Right Side View)

2.54 Carriage Area (continued)

PRINT SUPPRESSION LATCHLEVER ENDPLAY

To Check

Take up play in print suppression latchlever towards carriage casting.

Requirement

Print suppression latchlever should fully engage print hammer bail with no binds.

To Adjust

Loosen setscrew with hex key wrench in hex hole, and position collar. Tighten setscrew.



LATCHLEVER

(Left Side View)

2.55 Carriage Area (continued)

PRINT SUPPRESSION LATCHLEVER RELEASE

To Check

Place print suppression codebar fully up and take up play to minimize required clearance.

Requirement Min 0.015 inch---Max 0.055 inch between print suppression latchlever and print hammer bail. **To Adjust** With print suppression latchlever held against print hammer bail, bend print suppression latchlever using pry points. Note: Use top pry point to make gap larger. Use bottom pry point to make gap smaller. **Related Adjustments** Affected By CODEBAR RESET LEVER POSITION (Function Area) (Par. 2.28) **REAR RAIL POSITION (Par. 2.46)** PRINT SUPPRESSION PRINT SLIDE HAMMER BAIL PRY POINTS (Left Side View) PRINT SUPPRESSION LATCHLEVER PRINT

SUPPRESSION CODEBAR

2.56 Carriage Area (continued)

RIBBON RATCHET SPRING

RIBBON REVERSE ARM SPRING



2.57 Carriage Area (continued)



2.58 Carriage Area (continued)



2.60 Carriage Area (continued)

Note: Do not perform the following adjustment on typing units equipped with the two-color printing feature. Instead, perform COLOR SELECTION LATCH OVERTRAVEL (Par. 3.21) and RIBBON GUIDE POSITIONING (Two-Color Printing, Part 3, Variations to Basic Adjustments) (Par. 3.22).

RIBBON POSITIONING

To Check

Trip function clutch and rotate main shaft until carriage drive bail is in its rearmost position. Continue rotating main shaft until the right ribbon link, during its <u>downward</u> travel, just contacts the top surface of the ribbon guide.

Requirement

———Min some---Max 0.010 inch

between the left ribbon link and the ribbon guide as gauged by eye.

To Adjust

Loosen left reset arm clamp nut. Position eccentric stud using hex key wrench in hex hole. Tighten clamp nut.



2.61 Carriage Area (continued)

RIBBON POWER LEVER DRIVE

(1) To Check

Manually operate the typing unit until the carriage drive bail is in the rearmost position. Rotate left ribbon ratchet until the ribbon spool shaft and ribbon spool pin are approximately aligned with the tip of the feed pawl. Seat feed pawl against left ribbon ratchet.

Requirement

---- Min 0.010 inch--- Max 0.045 inch

between face of left ribbon ratchet tooth and the corner tip of check pawl.

(2) To Check Repeat (1) To Check above, except apply all instructions to right ribbon ratchet.

Requirement

Min 0.010 inch---Max 0.045 inch between face of right ribbon ratchet tooth and corner tip of check pawl.

To Adjust

Loosen locknut and position the eccentric stud with hex key wrench in hex hole. Tighten locknut.

Note: Position eccentric stud to the bottom of its mounting slot when tightening locknut.



FORM FEED BELT TENSION - S

Note 1: Check tension only if the form feed belt is suspected of not meeting its requirement.

Requirement

The form feed belt tension should not be too tight or too loose.

To Adjust

Loosen three form feed assembly bracket mounting screws and hook a spring scale under the trip shaft at the latchlever. Position and pull up with a force of 7 pounds and hold. Tighten the three form feed assembly bracket mounting screws in the following order: first, the right front mounting screw; then, the right rear mounting screw, and finally, the left mounting screw.-

Related Adjustments

Affects LINE FEED LEVER LINE-UP AND ENDPLAY - S (Par. 2.64) FORM-OUT LEVER OVERTRAVEL - S (Par. 2.65) FORM-OUT LEVER - RESET CLEARANCE - S (Par. 2.69 or 2.70) TRIP LEVER ENGAGEMENT - LINE FEED - S (Par. 2.71) TRIP LEVER ENGAGEMENT --- FINAL - S (Par. 2. 72) TRIP LEVER UPSTOP POSITION - S (Par. 2.73) LINE FEED SELECTION - S (Par. 2.74) FORM-OUT CONTACT OPERATING BAIL CLEARANCE - S (Par. 2.76) IDLER POSITION (Platen Area) - S(Par. 2.81) DETENT POSITION (Platen Area - S(Par. 2.82) **RESET FOLLOWER LEVER - RESET** POSITION (Platen Area) - S (Par. 2.88) CAM ZERO POSITION (Platen Area) - S (Par. 2.88)



(Right Side View)

Note 2: Make certain that the shaft is free by rotating reset follower lever. If necessary, free trip shaft by repositioning the left mounting bracket of the form feed assembly bracket against the form feed assembly bracket.

Note 3: The left mounting screw is located on the left side of the form feed bracket.



2.64 Form Feed Area (continued)



2.65 Form Feed Area (continued)

FORM-OUT LEVER OVERTRAVEL - S

FORM-OUT LEVER SPRING - S



to installed length.

2.66 Form Feed Area (continued)

RESET FOLLOWER LEVER SPRING - S



2.67 Form Feed Area (continued)

TRIP LEVER ENGAGEMENT - FORM-OUT - S

Note 1: The following adjustment applies only to early design typing units.

To Check

Rotate form feed clutch until a shoe lever just about contacts the trip lever. Hold form-out lever against latching surface of latchlever assembly.

Note 2: If the reset lever and/or line feed bail interfere when checking this adjustment,

- (a) Loosen reset lever clampscrew and position reset lever so that it does not interfere.
- (b) Loosen line feed downstop screw and position downstop to lowermost position. Position line feed lever so that line feed bail does not interfere.

(1) Requirement

Top surface of shoe lever should not be above top surface of trip lever.

(2) Requirement

Shoe lever should engage trip lever

— Min 2/3 thickness

of trip lever.

Note 3: Check requirements at each of the six shoe levers.

To Adjust

Loosen form-out lever screw. Hold form-out lever against latching surface of latchlever assembly and position trip lever using form-out lever pry points. Tighten all screws.



2.68 Form Feed Area (continued)

TRIP LEVER ENGAGEMENT - PRELIMINARY - S

Note: This adjustment applies to late design typing units containing the TP185998 nickel plated plate.

To Check Rotate form feed clutch until a shoe lever is just about to contact the trip lever.

Requirement



2.69 Form Feed Area (continued)

FORM-OUT LEVER - RESET CLEARANCE - S (Early Design)

To Check

With the typing unit in stop condition, rotate the main shaft until all clutch mounting screwheads are in the vertical position. Place the reset follower lever on the high point of the cam lobe by pushing in on the zeroizing button and rotating the pulley.

(1) Requirement

Min 0.005 inch---Max 0.020 inch — between the latching surface of the arm and the form-out lever.

(2) Requirement

The trip lever and latchlever should have ——— Min some---Max 0.012 inch

endplay.

To Adjust

Place reset follower lever on high point of cam lobe. Loosen clampscrew friction tight and, using pry point, position the reset lever. Tighten clampscrew.

Related Adjustments

Affects

TRIP LEVER ENGAGEMENT - LINE FEED - S (Par. 2.71) FORM OUT CONTACT OPERATING BAIL CLEARANCE - S (Par. 2.76)



2.70 Form Feed Area (continued)

FORM-OUT LEVER — RESET CLEARANCE - S (Late Design)

Note: Check (1) To Check only when making a complete readjustment of typing unit.

(1) To Check

With typing unit in stop condition rotate main shaft until all clutch mounting screwheads are in vertical position. Place reset follower lever on low part of cam by pushing in on zeroizing button and rotating pulley. Push down on arm of latchlever assembly to unlatch form-out lever.

Requirement

- (a) Reset lever should just touch underside of form-out lever extension.
- (b) The trip lever and latchlever should have



(2) To Check

With typing unit in stop condition rotate main shaft until all clutch mounting screwheads are in vertical position. Place reset follower lever on high point of cam lobe by pushing in on zeroizing button and rotating pulley.

Requirement

------ Min 0.005 inch--- Max 0.020 inch

between latching surface of arm and form-out lever.

To Adjust

With form-out lever clampscrew friction tight, position form-out lever using pry points. Tighten clampscrew.

Related Adjustments

Affects

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TRIP LEVER ENGAGEMENT - FINAL - S (Par. 2.72)

FORM-OUT CONTACT OPERATING BAIL CLEARANCE - S (Par. 2.76)

Affected By

FORM FEED BELT TENSION - S (Par. 2.62)

CAM LOBE POSITION - S (Par. 2.66)
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2.71 Form Feed Area (continued)

Note 1: The following adjustment applies only to early design typing units.

TRIP LEVER ENGAGEMENT - LINE FEED - S

To Check

Rotate form feed clutch until a shoe lever just about contacts the trip lever. Place the reset follower lever on the high point of the cam lobe by pushing in on the zeroizing button and rotating the pulley.

(1) Requirement

Top surface of shoe lever should never be above top surface of trip lever.

(2) Requirement

Shoe lever should engage trip lever

- Min 2/3 thickness of trip lever.

Note 2: Check (1) and (2) Requirement at each of six shoe levers.

To Adjust

Loosen downstop screw and position downstop so that line feed bail positions trip lever to meet (1) and (2) Requirements. Tighten screw.

Related Adjustments

Affects

LINE FEED SELECTION - S (Par. 2.74) FORM FEED BELT TENSION - S (Par. 2.62) CLUTCH SHOE LEVER GAP - S (Par. 2.63) TRIP LEVER ENGAGEMENT — FORM-OUT - S (Par. 2.67) FORM-OUT LEVER — RESET CLEARANCE - S (Par. 2.69 or 2.70)



(Left Side View)

2.72 Form Feed Area (continued)

TRIP LEVER ENGAGEMENT - FINAL - S

Note: This adjustment applies to late design typing units containing the TP185998 nickel plated plate.

To Check

Rotate main shaft until the flat surface of the form feed clutch adjusting disc is positioned as illustrated. Disengage (latch) form feed clutch. Continue rotating main shaft until all clutch mounting screwheads are in a vertical position. Trip form feed clutch and rotate main shaft until the advancing shoe lever is just about to contact the trip lever.

Requirement

Shoe lever should be aligned with trip lever. -

To Adjust

Loosen two adjusting plate screws and position adjusting plate. Tighten both screws.



(Left Side View)

Related Adjustments

Affects

FORM-OUT CONTACT OPERATING BAIL CLEARANCE - S (Par. 2.76)

Affected By

FORM FEED BELT TENSION - S (Par. 2.62) CLUTCH SHOE LEVER GAP - S (Par. 2.63) FORM-OUT LEVER - RESET CLEARANCE - S (Par. 2.69) 2.73 Form Feed Area (continued)

TRIP LEVER UPSTOP POSITION - S

Note: The following adjustment applies only to early design typing units.

To Check

Rotate main shaft until the flat surface of the form feed clutch adjusting disc is positioned as illustrated. Disengage (latch) the form feed clutch. Resume rotating the main shaft until all the clutch mounting screwheads are in a vertical position. Press down the line feed bail to trip clutch and rotate main shaft until stop-lug is directly under the trip lever.

Requirement

Min 0.020 inch---Max 0.035 inch between trip lever and stop-lug.

To Adjust Loosen upstop screws and position upstop. Tighten screws.

Related Adjustment Affected By FORM FEED BELT TENSION - S (Par. 2.62)



(Left Side View)



(Left Side View)

2.75 Form Feed Area (continued)

LINE FEED PAWL STRIPPING - S

To Check

Set up the typing unit for single line feed (LINE FEED SELECTION - S (Par. 2.74) adjustment). Push the line feed strip lever down and allow the line feed upstop pawl to assume its normal position against the line feed strip lever. Manually set up the line feed code combination (-2-4---8) in the selector and rotate the main shaft until the line feed pawl just strips off the line feed function lever.

Requirement

The trip lever should fall

- Min on---Max 0.035 inch

before stop-lug.

To Adjust

- (a) Loosen screw friction tight. Using pry points position line feed strip lever rearward three-fourths of its full adjusting range.
- (b) Check LINE FEED SELECTION S (Par. 2.74) adjustment for single line feed.
- (c) Set up line feed code combination (-2-4---8) in selector and rotate main shaft until line feed pawl just strips off line feed function lever.
- (d) Check requirement and tighten screw if requirement is met.
- (e) If requirement is not met, move line feed function lever slightly toward front of typing unit. Repeat steps (b), (c), and (d). Continue this procedure until requirement is met.



2.76 Form Feed Area (continued)

FORM-OUT CONTACT OPERATING BAIL CLEARANCE - S



2.77 Platen Area



2.78 Platen Area (continued)

Note 1: If the idler has not previously been backed off, loosen the nut securing the idler post and position idler to low point in slot before making the following adjustment.

PLATEN - HORIZONTAL POSITION - S

(1) To Check

Place the platen knob screw up and permit the detent ratchet pawl to seat in a groove of the detent ratchet. Place the carriage at the left margin and check requirement. Move the carriage to the right margin and again check requirement.

Requirement


2.79 Platen Area (continued)

PLATEN — HORIZONTAL POSITION - S (continued)

To Adjust

Loosen four horizontal positioning screws. Position platen horizontally. Tighten the four horizontal positioning screws.

Related Adjustments

Affects

VERTICAL TYPE ALIGNMENT - S (Par. 2.79) IDLER POSITION - S (Par. 2.81) DETENT POSITION - S (Par. 2.82)

<u>Note:</u> If the idler has not previously been backed off, loosen the nut securing the idler post and back off the idler before making the VERTICAL TYPE ALIGNMENT - S(Par. 2.79) adjustment.

VERTICAL TYPE ALIGNMENT - S

Typing units equipped with adjustable vertical drive bail such as TP180606:

(1) To Check

Place carriage to left margin. Set up the E code combination (1-3--78) in the selector and rotate the main shaft until the character is printed.

Requirement

When the printed character is examined by eye from top to bottom, the shading should be approximately the same with no overscoring or underscoring.

To Adjust

Loosen adjusting screw on vertical drive bail and position the typewheel using pry point.

(2) To Check

Place carriage to right margin. Set up the E code combination (1-3--78) in the selector and rotate main shaft until the character is printed.

Requirement

When the printed character is examined by eye from top to bottom, the shading should be approximately the same with no overscoring or underscoring.



(Right Side View)

To Adjust

Loosen the vertical gauge plate screws on the right side of the platen mechanism and back off the vertical gauge plate. Loosen vertical positioning screws on right side. Position the right end of the platen using pry point. Do not twist the platen. After adjusting, position the vertical gauge plate on the right side so that it is resting on its associated bracket. Tighten all screws.

2.80 Platen Area (continued)

VERTICAL TYPE ALIGNMENT - S (continued)

Typing units equipped with nonadjustable vertical drive bail such as TP180526:

To Check

Place paper in typing unit. Set up the E code combination (1-3--78) in the selector and rotate the main shaft until the character is printed. Repeat several times along the length of the platen.

Requirement

When each printed character is examined by eye from top to bottom, the shading should be approximately the same with no overscoring or underscoring.

To Adjust

Loosen the vertical gauge plate screws and back off the vertical gauge plate on each side of the platen mechanism. Loosen four vertical positioning screws and position the platen using pry points. Do not twist the platen. After adjusting, position each vertical gauge plate so that it is resting on the top of its associated bracket. Tighten all screws.

Related Adjustments

Affects

<u>IDLER POSITION - S</u> (Par. 2.81) <u>DETENT POSITION - S</u> (Par. 2.82)

Affected By PLATEN - HORIZONTAL POSITION - S (Par. 2.78)



2.81 Platen Area (continued)

ZEROIZING BUTTON - S



2.82 Platen Area (continued)

DETENT POSITION - S

CAUTION: TO PREVENT ELECTRICAL SHOCK EXERCISE CARE WHEN WORK-ING WITH TYPING UNIT UNDER POWER. To Check Set up line feed code combination (-2-4---8) in selector. Place TP185832 armature clip so as to hold armature attracted. Plug in typing unit plugs into proper call control receptacles and

apply power to typing unit. Engage codebar clutch to permit a line feed cycle to complete itself under power. Check requirement. Remove all power connections.

(1) Requirement

The pawl should be fully seated with a — Max 0.005 inch between pawl and detent ratchet tooth.

(2) Requirement

Min some---Max 0.030 inch —— between the plate and detent ratchet.

To Adjust

Loosen both setscrews. Use finger pressure to engage and hold pawl firmly in detent ratchet. Depress line feed keytop. Tighten setscrews.

Related Adjustments

Affects PRINTING LINE POSITION — PRELIMINARY - S (Par. 2.83) WIRE GUIDE POSITION - S (Par. 2.87)

Affected By

FORM FEED BELT TENSION (Form Feed Area) - S (Par. 2.62) PLATEN — HORIZONTAL POSITION - S (Par. 2.78) VERTICAL TYPE ALIGNMENT - S (Par. 2.79) IDLER POSITION - S (Par. 2.81)



2.83 Platen Area (continued)



(Front View)

2.84 Platen Area (continued)

PRINTING LINE POSITION - FINAL - S

To Check

Place a single sheet of sprocket form in platen mechanism. Print the character M several times to establish a printed line.

Note: On nonprinted forms, draw a horizontal line across form connecting bottom of sprocket feed holes.

Requirement

Printed Form

Printed line should be aligned with sprocket form lines.

Nonprinted Form

- (a) Printed line should be aligned with drawn line.
- (b) Printed line should not touch drawn line.
- (c) Printed line should not be more than 1/16 inch above drawn line with no more than 1/32 inch variation along its entire length.

To Adjust

Early Design

Modify (2) Requirement of <u>PRINTING LINE POSITION – PRELIMINARY - S</u> (Par. 2.83) Late Design (containing adjusting clampscrew)

Loosen clampscrew and position platen. Tighten clampscrew.



2.85 Platen Area (continued)

RIGHT PAPER GUIDE POSITION - S

Requirement

The right sprocket ring pins should be centrally located within the paper guide slot.

To Adjust

Loosen screws and position right paper guide. Tighten screws.



Related Adjustments Affects <u>PAPER GUIDEPLATE CLEARANCE - S (Par. 2.86)</u> <u>WIRE GUIDE POSITION - S (Par. 2.87)</u> Affected By

PRINTING LINE POSITION - PRELIMINARY - S (Par. 2.83)

2.86 Platen Area (continued)

PAPER GUIDEPLATE CLEARANCE - S

Requirement

With no sprocket forms in the platen mechanism

Min 0.008 inch---Max 0.025 inchbetween the platen and the left and right ends of the paper guideplate adjacent to the fingers. Record the two clearances. *

To Adjust

Loosen locknut and adjust screw. Tighten locknut.

Note 1: If the adjustment cannot be made as indicated above, remove the platen mechanism from the typing unit. For instructions, see appropriate disassembly and reassembly section. Then, preliminary adjust as follows:

Preliminary Requirement

With the screw backed off and no sprocket forms in the platen mechanism Min zero---Max 0.012 inch between the platen and the left and right ends of the paper guideplate — adjacent to the fingers. Record the two clearances. *

Preliminary Adjust

Loosen end plate screws friction tight and position end plates. Tighten screws.



(Front View)

*Note 2: The fingers at both the left and right ends of the platen should be — Min some---Max 0.015 inch beyond the recorded gap between the platen and the left and right ends of the paper guideplate. Bend fingers to meet the requirement.



Note 3: Replace platen mechanism onto the typing unit. For instructions see appropriate disassembly and reassembly section. Check requirement.

Related Adjustments

Affects <u>PAPER ALARM CONTACT PRESSURE</u> <u>AND GAP</u> (Paper Controls, Part 3, Variations to Basic Adjustments) - S (Par. 3.29) <u>PAPER ALARM CONTACT LEVER</u> <u>CLEARANCE</u> (Paper Controls, Part 3, Variations to Basic Adjustments) - S (Par. 3.29)

Affected By

RIGHT PAPER GUIDE POSITION - S (Par. 2.85)

2.87 Platen Area (continued)

WIRE GUIDE POSITION - S

To Check

Put a sprocket form containing several lines of printed copy in the unit. Place platen in its detented position with top edge of form feed holes engaging top edge of sprocket ring pins. Place left and right paper guides in contact with their associated sprocket rings.

Requirement

The wire guide should fully contact the sprocket form and should be centrally located between the lines of printed copy with a maximum of 1/2 line overlap.

To Adjust

Loosen setscrew at each end of wire guide. Hold paper guides against their sprocket rings and position wire guide. Tighten both setscrews.



(Front View)

(Right Side View)

Related Adjustments Affected By <u>DETENT POSITION - S (Par. 2.82)</u> <u>PRINTING LINE POSITION -</u> <u>PRELIMINARY - S (Par. 2.83)</u> <u>RIGHT PAPER GUIDE POSITION - S (Par. 2.85)</u>

2.88 Platen Area (continued)



(B) CAM ZERO POSITION - S

To Check

With cam lobes and index plates located on cam as shown on associated line drawings, place typing unit in stop condition.

Note: Reset follower lever must rest on proper cam lobe to "zero" a sprocket form. Place it in such position by depressing zeroizing button and rotating pulley until reset follower lever rests on cam lobe opposite three closely spaced grooves (on cam) facing toward the front of typing unit.

One cam lobe:

(1) Requirement

With reset follower lever on flat surface of cam lobe and zeroizing button in its right most position Min some---Max 0.035 inch between bottom surface of pointer and low part of cam.

(2) Requirement

When viewed along line-of-sight shown, tip of pointer should be aligned with index plate aluminized surface, as gauged by eye. (A) <u>RESET FOLLOWER LEVER</u> ---

RESET POSITION - S

CAUTION: TO PREVENT ELECTRI-CAL SHOCK EXERCISE CARE WHEN WORKING WITH TYPING UNIT UNDER POWER.

To Check

Set up form-out code combination (--34---8) in selector. Place TP185832 armature clip so as to hold armature attracted. Plug typing unit plugs into proper call control unit receptacles and apply power to typing unit. Engage codebar clutch to permit a form-out cycle to complete itself under power. Check requirement. Remove all power connections.

Requirement

- At the end of form-out cycle, reset follower lever should come to rest on flat surface of cam lobe.

To Adjust

Loosen screws and adjust cam. Tighten screws.

Related Adjustments

Affects

CAM ZERO POSITION- S(Par. 2.88)

Affected By FORM FEED BELT TENSION (Form Feed Area)- S (Par. 2.62) IDLER POSITION - S (Par. 2.81)



2.89 Platen Area (continued)

CAM ZERO POSITION - S (continued)

RESET FOLLOWER LEVER – **RESET POSITION - S (Par. 2.88)**



2.90 Spacing Area

SPACING BELT TENSION







2.92 Platen Area (continued)



2.93 Function Area (continued)



TP183495, TP183496, and TP183497 automatic codebars: Use the proper automatic codebar as follows:

Line Length (Characters)	Automatic Codebar
69	TP183495
72	TP183496
74	TP183497

Note 1: On friction feed typing units using TP180948 automatic codebar, break off projection(s) as instructed in Automatic Carriage Return — Line Feed above so that the end-ofline bell will ring at the proper time.

Note 2: On sprocket feed typing units using TP180948 automatic codebar, do not break off any projections. Leave the automatic codebar as shown on the line drawing so that the end-of-line bell will ring at the proper time.

End-of-Line Space Suppression

Requirement

Select the proper line length as follows: With the carriage located one character before the end of a line (for example: character 71 on a 72 character line), rotate the main shaft until the carriage drive bail reaches its rearmost position — Min 0.025 inch---Max 0.100 inch

between end-of-line lever and spacing toggle link.

To Adjust

Early Design

Loosen clampscrew and position belt clamp and extension. Tighten clampscrew.

Late Design

Bend tabs away from belt and position belt clamp. Crimp belt clamp and tabs securely on belt.

2.94 Spacing Area (continued)

CARRIAGE BOUNCE

To Check

Place carriage at right margin, manually disengage the check pawl and feed pawl of the spacing mechanism.

Requirement

No pneumatic or mechanical bounce of carriage upon its return.

To Adjust

Loosen clampscrew and position orifice adjusting plate. Tighten clampscrew.

Note: The orifice should never \overline{become} fully uncovered. If it does become fully uncovered, it is possible that the lobe plate projection may be broken.



(Left Side View)



(1) To Check

Move carriage to left margin by placing carriage return lever in its forward latched position. Take up all play to minimize the required clearances.

Requirement

Min some---Max 0.050 inch between the carriage return latch and the vertical extension of the carriage return lever.

To Adjust

Loosen clampscrew. Use pry points to position carriage return latch. Tighten clampscrew.

Note: Perform the following \overline{check} only if the typing unit is being completely readjusted.

- (2) To Check Repeat (1) To Check above.
 - Requirement

The intermediate unlatch lever should be aligned with the lobe plate projection which most nearly touches it.

To Adjust

Loosen plate screw. Position lobe projection plate. Tighten plate screw. Check FRONT ROL-LERS CLEARANCE adjustment.

Related Adjustments

Affected By <u>LEFT MARGIN POSITION</u> (Platen Area) - S (Par. 2.91) <u>LEFT MARGIN POSITION</u> (Platen Area) - F (Par. 2.92)

CARRIAGE RETURN ARM SPRINGS

To Check

Place typing unit in stop condition and engage feed pawl and check pawl with spacing ratchet.

- (1) Requirement Min 1 oz---Max 2 oz to start arm moving.
- (2) Requirement Min 1/2 oz---Max 1-1/2 oz to start arm moving.

2.96 Spacing Area (continued)



(Platen Area - F (Par. 2.92)

2.97 Function Area (continued)

END-OF-LINE BELL SIGNAL - S



Bend margin bell bellcrank using TP180993 bending tool.

2.98 Function Area (continued)

CODEBAR GUIDE POSITION

To Check

Place typing unit in stop condition and manually operate the typing unit until the no. 1 blocking lever is in its lowest position.

(1) Requirement

----- No. 1 codebar centrally located in guide slot, as gauged by eye.

(2) Requirement

No. 1 blocking lever should engage the full thickness of no. 1 codebar.

To Adjust

Loosen clampscrew. Position codebar guide. Tighten clampscrew.



(Left Front View)

2.99 Platen Area (continued)

FORM LENGTH SELECTION - S

To Check

The control cam of the platen drive mechanism normally will come with two cam lobes. This causes sprocket forms to feed out one-half the basic form length.

Requirement

A longer form length.

To Adjust

Line up the pointer with the aluminized surface of the index plate. Remove and discard the cam lobe which is located in the other side of the control cam opposite the reset follower lever.

Note: A listing of gears which provide various form feed lengths can be found in the appropriate parts section.



(Right Side View)

2.100 Platen Area (continued)

PLATEN - HORIZONTAL POSITION - F

(1) To Check

Place the flat on the left side of the platen up so that it is horizontal to the base casting. Place the carriage at the left margin and check requirement. Move the carriage to the right margin and again check requirement.

Requirement

—— Min 0.050 inch---Max 0.065 inch between ribbon guide and platen at both left and right margins.

(2) To Check

Place carriage to center of platen and rotate platen until maximum clearance is obtained between platen and ribbon guide. Set up the E code combination (1-3---78) in the selector. Rotate main shaft until carriage drive bail is in its rearmost position. Push typewheel to the rear until it just touches the platen.

Note: The typing unit should not have paper or ribbon installed.

Requirement

Typewheel should not touch inside of either ribbon guide. -

To Adjust

Loosen four horizontal positioning screws. Position platen horizontally. Tighten positioning screws.

Related Adjustment



2.101 Platen Area (continued)

VERTICAL TYPE ALIGNMENT - F

For typing units equipped with adjustable vertical drive bail such as TP180606:

(1) To Check

Place paper and ribbon in unit. Place carriage to left margin. Set up the E code combination (1-3--78) in the selector and rotate the main shaft until the character is printed.

Requirement

When the printed character is examined by eye from top to bottom, the shading should be approximately the same with no overscoring or underscoring.

To Adjust

Loosen adjusting screw on vertical drive bail and position the typewheel using pry point. Tighten adjusting screw.

(2) To Check

Place carriage to right margin. Set up the E code combination (1-3---78) in the selector and rotate main shaft until the character is printed.



Requirement

When the printed character is examined by eye from top to bottom, the shading should be approximately the same with no overscoring or underscoring.

To Adjust

Loosen vertical positioning screws on right side. Position the right end of the platen using pry point. Do not twist the platen. Tighten positioning screws.

For typing units equipped with nonadjustable vertical drive bail such as TP180526:

To Check

Place paper in typing unit. Set up the E code combination (1-3--78) in the selector and rotate the main shaft until the character is printed. Repeat several times along the length of the platen.

Requirement

When each printed character is examined by eye from top to bottom, the shading should be approximately the same with no overscoring or underscoring.

To Adjust

Loosen four vertical positioning screws. Position the platen using pry points. Do PRY POINT not twist the platen. Tighten positioning screws. **Related Adjustments** Affects 0 DETENT POSITION - F (Par. 2.103) LINE FEED DRIVE ARM CLEARANCE - F (Par. 2.105) LINE FEED UPSTOP BRACKET POSITION - F (Par. 2.106) PRESSURE ROLLER CLEARANCE - F (Par. 2.110) HORIZONTAL POSITIONING VERTICAL SCREWS സ്ന POSITIONING SCREWS (Right Side View)

END PLATE

2.102 Platen Area (continued)

LINE FEED SELECTION - F

- (1) Requirement
 - Upstop stud should be at bottom of slot for single line feed or at top for double line feed.
 - To Adjust

Loosen clamp nut. Position upstop stud. Tighten clamp nut.

Note: The following requirement applies $\overline{\text{only}}$ to typing units equipped with operator-controlled line feed feature containing TP185788 shift lever.

(2) Requirement

Same as (1) Requirement above.

To Adjust

Place TP185788 shift lever in upper detent for single line feed or in lower detent for double line feed.



(Left Side View)



(Left Side View)

2.103 Platen Area (continued)

DETENT POSITION - F

To Check

Place typing unit in single line feed condition.

Requirement

When operated by finger pressure, line feed pawl should fully seat in platen ratchet without interference from teeth.

To Adjust

Early Design (typing units equipped with TP181030 bracket) Loosen clamp nut (1). Position platen detent pawl pivot. Tighten clamp nut.

Late Design (typing units equipped with TP185796 bracket) Loosen clamp nuts (2) and (3).

Position platen detent pawl. Tighten clamp nuts.

Related Adjustments

Affects LINE FEED DRIVE LINK POSITION - F (Par. 2. 107)

Affected By VERTICAL TYPE ALIGNMENT - F (Par. 2.101)

Note: This adjustment is affected by <u>VERTICAL TYPE ALIGNMENT - F</u> (Par. 2. 101) only when equipped with TP180526 nonadjustable vertical drive bail.



(Right Side View)



to start line feed pawl moving.



2.105 Platen Area (continued)



2.106 Platen Area (continued)

LINE FEED UPSTOP BRACKET POSITION - F



2.107 Platen Area (continued)

LINE FEED DRIVE LINK POSITION - F

To Check

Place the carriage to the center of the platen. Place the flat on left side of platen up and horizontally to base casting, and set up the line feed code combination (-2-4---8) in the selector. Rotate main shaft until function bail reaches its lowest point while noticing the motion supplied by the drive arm of the function rocker shaft to the line feed pawl.

(1) Requirement

The motion supplied by the drive arm of the function rocker shaft to the line feed pawl should be adequate to rotate the platen the required amount.

To Adjust

Loosen line feed stripper plate clampscrew and back off line feed stripper plate (see LINE FEED STRIPPER PLATE CLEARANCE adjustment). Loosen two clampscrews and use pry points to position line feed drive link so that line feed pawl indexes platen one tooth and platen detent pawl seats fully in ratchet. Tighten clampscrews.

Note: Hold platen detent pawl away from ratchet and rotate main shaft until function bail is in its lowest position. Lower platen detent pawl into its seat between two ratchet teeth. The platen should barely move.





2.108 Platen Area (continued)

LINE FEED PAWL DOWNSTOP POSITION - F

To Check

Place the flat on left side of platen up and horizontal to base casting. Set up the line feed code combination (-2-4--8) in the selector. Rotate main shaft until function bail reaches its lowest position. Take up play of platen in left end plate toward the rear.

Requirement

With platen detent pawl fully seated in ratchet

— Min some---Max 0.010 inch Between back of line feed pawl and its downstop.

To Adjust Loosen downstop clamp nut. Position downstop. Tighten clamp nut.

Affected By

LINE FEED DRIVE ARM CLEARANCE - F (Par. 2. 105) LINE FEED DRIVE LINK POSITION - F (Par. 2. 107)



(Right Side View)

2.109 Platen Area (continued)



2.110 Platen Area (continued)

PRESSURE ROLLER CLEARANCE - F

To Check

Position carriage with lock bracket left mounting screw directly under pressure roller. Release pressure roller (pressure lever placed in forward position).

Requirement

— Min 0.010 inch

between pressure roller and left mounting screw.

Note: Clearance should not be so large that roller is not detented in released position.

To Adjust

Loosen clampscrew. Position pressure roller adjusting bracket. Tighten clampscrew.

Related Adjustment

Affected By <u>REAR RAIL POSITION</u> (Carriage Area) (Par. 2.46) <u>VERTICAL TYPE ALIGNMENT - F</u> (Par. 2.101)

Note: This adjustment is affected by VERTICAL TYPE ALIGNMENT - F(Par. 2.101) only when equipped with TP180526 nonadjustable vertical drive bail.



(Right Front View)

2.111 Platen Area (continued)



(Right Side View)

2.112 Platen Area (continued)

COPYHOLDER WIRE POSITION - F

(1) Requirement

The copyholder wire should fall somewhere between two lines of printed copy, not obscuring more than 1/2 the height of either line.

To Adjust

Loosen four mounting screws. Position copyholder wire. Tighten screws.

(2) Requirement

After raising and releasing, the copyholder wire should return and rest against the platen at its center with a maximum of 0.020 inch between platen and copyholder wire at both the left and right ends.



(Left Side View)

2.113 Platen Area (continued)

PLATEN ENDPLAY - F

Note: This adjustment applies only to typing units equipped with TP185816 adjusting screw.

To Check

Position platen against the left end plate.

Requirement

—— Min 0.002 inch---Max 0.015 inch between the TP185816 adjusting screw and the right end of the platen.

To Adjust

Loosen the locknut. Position platen against the left end plate. Position the TP185816 adjusting screw. Tighten locknut.



(Right Front View)

2.114 Spacing Area (continued)


2.115 Spacing Area (continued)



to start feed pawl moving.

SECTION 574-122-700TC

Spacing Area (continued) 2.116

SPACE SUPPRESSION LEVER CLEARANCE --- PRINTING

To Check

Move carriage to the center of platen. Set up the @ code combination (-----78) in the selector. Rotate the main shaft until the



To Adjust

Loosen eccentric clampscrew friction tight. Position eccentric. Tighten eccentric clampscrew.

> **Related Adjustment** Affected By CODEBAR RESET LEVER POSITION (Function Area) (Par. 2.28)

2.117 Spacing Area (continued)

CARRIAGE RETURN LEVER SPRING



2.118 Spacing Area (continued)

FEED PAWL TRAVEL

To Check

Place carriage to left margin and set up the character M code combination (1-34--78) in selector. Rotate main shaft until carriage drive bail reaches its rearmost position. Hold check pawl away from ratchet.

Requirement

— Min 0.005 inch---Max 0.030 inch between the feeding surface of the feed pawl and the face of ratchet.

To Adjust

Loosen clamp nut. Position spacing drive roller. Tighten clamp nut.

Related Adjustments

Affected By	
PRINT TRIP LEVER RELEASE	
(Carriage Area) (Par. 2.50)	
LEFT MARGIN PRINTING (Par.	2.96)



2.119 Distributor Area (continued)

Note 1: Before proceeding, replace typing unit onto subbase. For instructions, see the appropriate disassembly and reassembly section.



Note 2: Do not lift typing unit while holding any part of the selector mechanism. Note the proper method for lifting the typing unit. This method is described in the appropriate disassembly and reassembly section.

TRIP LEVER ENGAGEMENT

Note 3: The answer-back control lever and reader trip lever should not be touching their respective stop bail adjusting tabs when checking this adjustment.

Note 4: Perform (1) To Check only on late design units containing the TP182262 trip lever.

(1) To Check

Disengage (latch) distributor clutch. Depress any nonfunction keytop to unlatch distributor clutch. If necessary, loosen screw and position bracket to obtain clearance between bracket and trip lever. Tighten screw. Rotate clutch to align upper edges of shoe lever and trip lever.

Requirement

— Min 0.015 inch---Max 0.035 inch between shoe lever and trip lever.

To Adjust Remove answer-back drum. Use TP180993 bending tool to bend center adjusting tab. Replace answer-back drum.

CAUTION: TO PREVENT ELECTRICAL SHOCK EXERCISE CARE WHEN WORKING WITH TYPING UNIT UNDER POWER.

(2) To Check Operate typing unit under power. Place keyboard universal lever in latched position.

Requirement

Shoe lever should be ——Min flush---Max 0.015 inch beyond rearmost surface of trip lever.

To Adjust

Early Design (without TP182262) Remove answer-back drum. Use TP180993 bending tool to bend center adjusting tab. Replace answer-back drum.

Late Design (with TP182262) Loosen screw friction tight and position bracket. Tighten screw.

SECTION 574-122-700TC

2.120 Selector Area (continued)

RECEIVING MARGINS

To Check

Set up test situation using typing unit and Signal Distortion Test Set to check selector receiving margins.

Requirement

Obtain minimum selector receiving margins as follows:

SPEED	RANGE ZERO DISTORTION	OVERALL BIAS	END DISTORTION
All Speeds	No Requirement	35 Percent*	33 Percent*

*At same range scale setting.

To Adjust

Refine ARMATURE SPRING (Par. 2. 18) and, if necessary, refine ARMATURE BRACKET POSITION (Par. 2. 17) and/or <u>BELT TENSION</u> (Par. 2. 26) adjustments.

Note: The refinement of the <u>ARMATURE BRACKET POSITION</u> (Par. 2. 17) or <u>BELT</u> <u>TENSION</u> (Par. 2. 26) adjustment need not be performed unless the refinement of the <u>ARMATURE SPRING</u> (Par. 2. 18) adjustment fails to bring about the minimum selector receiving margins.

Related Adjustments Affected By <u>ARMATURE BRACKET POSITION</u> (Par. 2. 17) <u>ARMATURE SPRING</u> (Par. 2. 18) <u>BELT TENSION</u> (Par. 2.26)

2.121 Carriage Area (continued)

FINAL PRINTING ALIGNMENT

Note: When typing unit is adjusted as instructed on previous pages, quality of printed copy should be good. However, minor readjustments may be necessary

To Check

Print TH at various points along length of printing line.

Requirement

Quality of printed characters should be good.

To Adjust

Use the following guide in making readjustments.

Shading of top and bottom of characters not equal and/or underscoring or overscoring of characters ---

---refine <u>VERTICAL TYPE ALIGNMENT - FS</u> (Platen Area) (Par. 2. 101 - F and 2. 79 - S) adjustment by either moving typewheel vertically (late design) or moving platen toward portion of light shading (early design).

Left character T or poor quality ------using left pry points, refine <u>TYPEWHEEL POSITIONING</u> (Par. 2.48) adjustment.

Right character H of poor quality ---

---using right pry points, refine <u>TYPEWHEEL POSITIONING</u> (Par. 2.48) adjustment.

Characters spread out ---

---refine TYPEWHEEL POSITIONING (Par. 2.48) adjustment by moving plate frontward.

Characters run together -----refine <u>TYPEWHEEL POSITIONING</u> (Par. 2.48) adjustment by moving plate rearward.

Both characters of light shading on left side ---

---refine <u>TYPEWHEEL</u> "HOME" POSITION (Par. 2.57) adjustment by rotating wheel clockwise as viewed from top.

Both characters of light shading on right side ---

---refine TYPEWHEEL "HOME" POSITION (Par. 2.57) adjustment by rotating wheel counterclockwise as viewed from top.

3. VARIATIONS TO BASIC ADJUSTMENTS

3.01 Answer-Back Area

<u>Note 1</u>: On typing units equipped for twocolor printing, perform <u>BLOCKING LINK</u> <u>CLEARANCE</u> (Two-Color Printing Area) (Par. 3. 18) in place of the following adjustment.

<u>Note 2</u>: The answer-back trip lever adjusting tab should clear the control lever before proceeding with the following adjustments.

BLOCKING LINK CLEARANCE

To Check

Disengage (latch) distributor and function clutches, engage the answer-back blocking lever fully in indent of answer-back blocking pawl. Take up play in the answer-back blocking pawl toward the front of the typing unit.

Requirement

Min some---Max 0.020 inch between the blocking link and tab on answer-back blocking pawl.





3.02 Answer-Back Area (continued)

Note: The adjustments on this page apply only to typing units equipped with an answer-back trip magnet mechanism.

TRIP MAGNET POSITION

Requirement

Magnet bracket to be positioned as far forward and to the left on base casting post as possible.

To Adjust

Loosen three mounting screws. Position magnet bracket. Tighten screws.

Related Adjustments

(Right Side View)

ANSWER-BACK

TRIP LEVER

ANSWER-BACK

BLOCKING LATCH

67

LOCKNUT

ANSWER-BACK

DRUM

(Top View)

Affects TRIP LEVER OVERTRAVEL AND ARMATURE GAP (Par. 3.02) TRIP LEVER ADJUSTING TAB CLEARANCE (Par. 3.13) TRIP MAGNET (Appropriate tape reader section)

ARMATURE

EXTENSION

ARMATURE

 \bigcirc

PRY

POINTS

MOUNTING

ARMATURE EXTENSION

SCREW

TRIP LEVER OVERTRAVEL AND ARMATURE GAP

To Check

With the answer-back drum fully detented in its home position, trip distributor clutch and rotate main shaft until the pointer of the distributor brush holder is in line with the intersection of the conductor path and the stop segment. Control lever must be clear of answer-back to trip lever adjusting tab — if necessary, bend tab forward to provide clearance. Place armature in its attracted position, and take up play toward rear of typing unit.

(1) Requirement

- Min 0.006 inch---Max 0.015 inch between the end of armature extension and end of answer-back blocking latch.

To Adjust

Loosen armature extension mounting screw friction tight. Position the armature extension using pry points. Tighten screw.

(2) Requirement

ARMATURE

EXTENSION

MOUNTING

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CASTING

POST

CONTROL LEVER

ARMATURE EXTENSION

M

ARMATURE EXTENSION

ADJUSTING SCREW

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SCREW

Front end of armature extension should be vertically centered between the top and bottom surfaces of the answer-back blocking latch as gauged by eye.

To Adjust

Loosen armature extension adjusting screw locknut friction tight. Position armature extension using armature extension adjusting screw. Tighten locknut.

Related Adjustments

Affects

TRIP LEVER ADJUSTING TAB CLEARANCE (Par. 3.13) CHARACTER SUPPRESSION CONTACT WIRE GAP (Par. 3.14)

- Affected By TRIP MAGNET POSITION (Par. 3.02) DRUM POSITION (Par. 3.07)

3.03 Answer-Back Area (continued)



3.04 Answer-Back Area (continued)

CONTROL LEVER SPRING — VERTICAL (Early Design)

Note: This adjustment applies to early design typing units with TP180843 trip lever.





3.06 Answer-Back Area (continued)



(Right Side View)

Answer-Back Area (continued) 3.07

DRUM POSITION

To Check

Engage lower extension of control lever in indent of answer-back drum and locate detent lever between ST and 20 rows on answer-back drum. Disengage (latch) distributor clutch. Hold the feed pawl out of engagement with the answer-back drum and manually move the upper extension of the control lever toward the rear of the typing

Note 1: For instructions on coding the answer-back drum, see the appropriate installation section.

Note 2: If necessary to insure clearance between the feed lever adjusting tab and the control lever, bend the feed lever adjusting tab toward the front of the typing unit.

(1) Requirement



3.08 Answer-Back Area (continued)

TRIP LEVER CLEARANCE

To Check

Trip distributor clutch and manually rotate main shaft to place upper edge of clutch shoe lever in line with upper edge of trip lever. Lift feed pawl and manually rotate answer-back drum counterclockwise until detent lever is located between row 1 and 2 on answer-back drum. Take up play in clutch shoe lever toward trip lever.

Requirement

----- Min 0.015 inch---Max 0.035 inch

between clutch shoe lever and trip lever.

To Adjust

Bend right adjusting tab using TP180993 bending tool.

Note: The plane of right adjusting tab should be parallel to the axis of trip pivot shaft, as gauged by eye.

Related Adjustments

Affected By

TRIP LEVER ENGAGEMENT (Distributor Area Part 2, Basic Adjustments) (Par. 2. 119) SHOE LEVER (Appropriate tape reader section) DRUM POSITION (Par. 3.07)



3.09 Answer-Back Area (continued)

FEED LEVER POSITION

To Check

With answer-back drum fully detented in its home position, trip distributor clutch and manually rotate main shaft until cam roller is adjacent to high part of feed lever. Rotate cam roller to minimize clearance. Hold feed pawl clear of answer-back drum.



(Right Side View)

3.10 Answer-Back Area (continued)

FEED PAWL POSITION

(1) To Check

With answer-back drum fully detented in its <u>home position</u>, disengage (latch) distributor clutch. Manually trip distributor clutch and rotate main shaft until the cam roller is adjacent to high part of feed lever. With feed pawl positioned fully within answer-back ratchet, take up all play to minimize required clearance.

Requirement

Min some---Max 0.005 inch —between feed pawl and rear face of no. 16 drum tooth.

Note: The minimum requirement is met if the feed pawl spring repositions the pawl after the pawl has been raised and then released above answer-back drum. To Adjust With adjusting nut and screw friction tight, position feed pawl. Tighten nut and screw.

(2) To Check Push the top of the control lever toward the rear of typing unit and simultaneously rotate the main shaft. Observe the operation of the feed pawl.

Requirement

While operating, the feed pawl should be centrally located on feed ratchet teeth.

To Adjust

Bend feed lever just below feed pawl.

Related Adjustments

Affects <u>FEED LEVER POSITION</u> (Par. 3.09) <u>"HERE IS" BELLCRANK POSITIONING</u> (Par. 3.11) <u>TRIPBAIL POSITIONING</u> (Par. 3.12)

Affected By DRUM POSITION (Par. 3.07)



3.11 Answer-Back Area (continued)

"HERE IS" BELLCRANK POSITIONING



(2) To Check

3.12 Answer-Back Area (continued)

TRIPBAIL POSITIONING

(1) To Check

Place the typing unit in stop condition. Trip function clutch and FEED rotate main shaft until the function bail is in its highest position. PAWL Push the answer-back function pawl down until its notch is engaged by its function lever. Trip the distributor clutch and ROW continue to rotate the main shaft until the answer-back function pawl reaches its lowest point of travel. Note: The feed pawl will move back to pick up the next tooth on the answer-back drum feed ratchet. With the feed pawl centered on the answer-back drum feed DETENT ratchet, take up play in feed pawl toward the rear. (Left Side View) Requirement Min 0.010 inch---Max 0.040 inchovertravel between feed pawl and face of answerback drum feed ratchet of row 17. ANSWER-BACK FEED PRY FUNCTION PAWL PAWL SLOTS ANSWER-BACK DETENT FUNCTION LEVER (Top View) NOTCH CLAMPSCREW ANŚWER-BACK ADJUSTING 0°⁄ BRACKET ANSWER-BACK DRUM TRIPBAIL (Right Side View) (2) To Check To Adjust Loosen clampscrew friction tight. With typing unit in stop condition, set Position answer-back adjusting bracket up the code combination for the answer-back call character in the seusing pry slots. Tighten clampscrew. lector. Rotate the main shaft until the answer-back function pawl moves **Related Adjustments** forward to its selected position. Ob-Affected By

Requirement

Answer-back function pawl must move forward freely to its selected position without hesitation.-

serve the forward movement of the

answer-back function pawl.

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DRUM POSITION (Par. 3.07)

(Par. 3.11)

FEED PAWL POSITION (Par. 3.10) FEED LEVER POSITION (Par. 3.09)

"HERE IS" BELLCRANK POSITIONING

3.13 Answer-Back Area (continued)

Note: The following adjustment applies only to typing units equipped with an answer-back trip magnet mechanism.



3.14 Answer-Back Area (continued)

CHARACTER SUPPRESSION CONTACT WIRE GAP

To Check

With answer-back drum fully detented in its home position, disengage (latch) distributor clutch.

Requirement

Min 0.030 inch---Max 0.055 inch — between suppression contact wire and common contact.

To Adjust

Position adjusting spring on the tie link.

Related Adjustments

Affected By <u>TRIP LEVER OVERTRAVEL AND ARMATURE GAP</u> (Par. 3.02) <u>DRUM POSITION</u> (Par. 3.07) <u>"HERE IS" BELLCRANK POSITIONING</u> (Par. 3.11) <u>TRIP LEVER ADJUSTING TAB CLEARANCE</u> (Par. 3.13)



3.15 Answer-Back Area (continued)



(Right Side View)

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3.16 Function Box Switches (Function Area)

CONTACT ASSEMBLY POSITION

(1) To Check

Set up code combination in selector that is to operate the function pawl associated with a contact arm and rotate the main shaft until the function bail is in its highest position.

Requirement

(2) To Check

Place typing unit in stop condition.

Requirement

— Min some

clearance between the function pawl and the tip of the contact arm.

To Adjust

With two clampscrews friction tight, position the contact assembly on the function casting. If necessary, bend the upper contact. Tighten clampscrews.

Note: For (1) To Check, be sure that the contact arm lines up with and is in contact with the function pawl.





3.17 Receive-Only Sets (Distributor Area)



3.18 Two-Color Printing (Answer-Back Area)

BLOCKING LINK CLEARANCE

To Check

Place typing unit in <u>stop condition</u>, engage the distributor and codebar clutches. Rotate the main shaft until the adjusting tab is on the high part of the blocking cam and codebar reset bail is in its highest position. Take up all clearances to make gap between R codebar and blocking link a minimum.

Requirement

—— Min 0.050 inch---Max 0.070 inch between R codebar blocking extension and tine on blocking link.

To Adjust

Bend adjusting tab with TP180993 bending tool.







(Right Side View)

Note: If the typing unit is equipped with the answer-back trip magnet mechanism (TP182045), the TRIP LEVER OVERTRAVEL AND ARMATURE GAP (Answer-Back Area) (Par. 3.02) adjustment should be made at this time. If necessary, the answer-back trip lever adjusting tab should be bent forward to clear the control lever before proceeding with the remaining answer-back adjustments.

3.19 Two-Color Printing (Carriage Area)(continued)

RIBBON GUIDE SPRING



3.20 Two-Color Printing (Carriage Area) (continued)



(Right Side View)

3.21 Two-Color Printing (Carriage Area) (continued)

COLOR SELECTION LATCH OVERTRAVEL

To Check

Place typing unit in the <u>stop position</u>. Trip the distributor clutch and rotate main shaft until carriage drive bail is at its rearmost position.

Requirement

To Adjust

Loosen screws and position latch bellcrank. Tighten screws.

Related Adjustment



3.22 Two-Color Printing (Carriage Area) (continued)

RIBBON GUIDE POSITIONING

To Check

Print any four characters such as illustrated. Place the typing unit in stop condition.

Requirement

---- Min 0.010 inch--- Max 0.020 inch

between the top horizontal edge of the ribbon and lower edge of the printed characters as gauged by eye.

To Adjust

Loosen screws and position reset link using pry points. Tighten screws.



SECTION 574-122-700TC

3.23 Auxiliary Contact Assembly — TP183594 (Main Shaft Area)



3.24 Print-Nonprint (Function Area)

Note: The following adjustment applies only to typing units equipped with manual printnonprint feature.

NONPRINT FUNCTION LEVER CLEARANCE

To Check

Push the nonprint codebar to the right until trip armature latches the latch bellcrank. Rotate mainshaft until function lever is at its highest point of travel. Take up all play to minimize the required clearance.

Requirement

- Min 0.005 inch---Max 0.025 inch

between the function lever in slot 4 in function casting and tine of nonprint codebar.

To Adjust

Loosen clampscrews and adjust length of trip armature using pry point. Tighten clampscrews.

Related Adjustments

Affects

SOLENOID BRACKET POSITION (Par. 3.26 or 3.27) RELEASE MAGNET OVERTRAVEL (Par. 3.28)



3.25 Print-Nonprint (Function Area) (continued)

Note: The following adjustment applies only to typing units equipped with the manual print-nonprint feature.



NONPRINT CODEBAR SPRING

To Check

Place nonprint codebar in its unoperated position.

Requirement

----- Min 3 oz---Max 3-1/2 oz to pull spring to installed length.

3.26 Print-Nonprint (Function Area) (continued)

Note: The following adjustments apply only to typing units equipped with the automatic print-nonprint feature — for units containing the manual print-nonprint feature, refer to Par. 3.27.



3.27 Print-Nonprint (Function Area) (continued)

Note: The following adjustment applies only to typing units equipped with the manual print-nonprint feature — for units containing the automatic print-nonprint feature, refer to Par. 3.26.



To Check

Place plunger to position it assumes when solenoid is energized. Hold plunger seated in that position.

Requirement

- Min 0.010 inch---Max 0.020 inch

between the function lever in slot 4 in function casting and time of nonprint codebar.

To Adjust

Loosen mounting screws and position solenoid using pry points.



3.28 Print-Nonprint (Function Area) (continued)

RELEASE MAGNET OVERTRAVEL

To Check Hold armature against release magnet pole face.

Requirement

— Min 0.010 inch---Max 0.015 inch between trip armature and latch bellcrank.

To Adjust

Loosen clamp nut and position trip armature by turning adjusting screw. Tighten clamp nut.



Note: The following adjustments apply only to typing units equipped with the automatic print-nonprint feature. 3.29 Paper Controls (Paper Alarm Control Area)


33 TAPE READER

ADJUSTMENTS

	CONTENTS	PAGE
1.	GENERAL	. 1
2.	BASIC UNIT	. 5
	Clutch Trip Area	
	Armature extensionContact gap.Feed magnet contact springMagnet coreReader trip lever springShoe lever.Trip magnetTrip lever overtravelTrip magnet armature spring	. 8 . 9 . 5 . 9 . 7 . 5 . 6
	Tape Reader Area	
	Armature spring Blocking pawl Blocking pawl spring Contact wires spring Control (or tape-out) contact wires . Control detent spring Detent lever Detent lever spring Feed pawl (adjustment with	. 14 . 11 . 16 . 16 . 19 . 10
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Start contact wires.....

Tape lid latch handle.

Tape lid spring

Tape-out pin spring

Tight tape lever spring

Upstop spring

VARIATIONS TO THE BASIC UNIT . .

Reset and busy switch timing

3.

1. GENERAL

1.01 This section provides adjustment and maintenance information for the 33 tape reader. It is reissued to provide exclusive coverage of the 33 tape reader and to update the section. Since this is a general revision, marginal arrows ordinarily used to indicate changes and additions are omitted.

1.02 In the adjustments covered in this section, location of clearances, position of parts, and point and angle of scale applications are illustrated by line drawings. Tools required to perform adjustments are contained in TP185830 Tool Kit and are listed in Maintenance Tool Section 570-005-800.

Note: An adjustment must be performed even \overline{if} the accompanying illustration is not an exact duplication of the adjustment area.

1.03 The sequence in which the adjustments appear should be followed when a complete readjustment of the tape reader is undertaken. No adjustment should be undertaken without completely understanding the procedure and the requirements. Read a procedure all the way through before making an adjustment or checking a spring tension.

Note 1: Be sure to check all related adjustments (Paragraph 1.07).

Note 2: Remove all electric power before checking or performing adjustments.

1.04 References to left, right, front, rear, etc consider the tape reader to be viewed from a position where the feed wheel faces up and the lid latch is located to the viewer's right. Orientation references to the clutch trip area consider the armature extension to be facing up with the contact bracket pry points located to the viewer's right.

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Figure 1 - Tape Reader Area

1.05 When a procedure calls for using pry points or slots to make an adjustment, place a screwdriver between the points or in the slots and pry parts in the proper direction.

1.06 If parts are removed from the tape reader to facilitate making an adjustment, be sure that they are replaced.

Note: Recheck any adjustment that may have been affected by the removal of parts.

1.07 Related adjustments are listed with some of the adjustment text and are primarily intended to aid in troubleshooting the equipment. As an example, suppose that in searching for a trouble it is discovered that the <u>BLOCKING</u> <u>PAWL</u> (Tape Reader Area) adjustment does not meet its requirement. Under "Related Adjustment," it is indicated that this adjustment is affected by the DETENT LEVER (Tape Reader

Page 2

Area) and <u>FEED PAWL</u> (Tape Reader Area) adjustments. Check these to see if either is the cause of the trouble. Also, note that certain adjustments affect other adjustments. For example, see the <u>DETENT LEVER</u> (Tape Reader Area) adjustment. Note that this adjustment affects the <u>FEED PAWL</u> (Tape Reader Area) and <u>BLOCK PAWL</u> (Tape Reader Area) adjustments. If the former adjustment is changed, check the latter adjustments.

1.08 The spring tensions specified in this section are indications, not exact values. Therefore, to obtain reliable readings, it is important that spring tensions be measured by spring scales placed in the positions shown on pertinent line drawings. Springs that do not meet their requirements should be replaced by new ones. Only those springs that directly affect the operation of the tape reader are measured, however, others may be measured indirectly in the



Figure 2 - Clutch Trip Area (Without Reader Feed Magnet Contact Assembly)

process. If this is the case and the requirement is not met, replace the springs one at a time, starting with the indicated spring, until the requirement is satisfied.

<u>Note 1</u>: Use spring scales which are listed in the Maintenance Tool Section 570-005-800.

Note 2: Spring tensions may be checked in any sequence.

1.09 Certain adjustments specify that an ar-

mature is to be in its attracted position prior to checking a requirement. This refers to an armature's position when it is magnetically attracted to its magnet core.

CAUTION: THE TAPE READER FEED MAG-NET OPERATES UNDER HIGH VOLTAGE. PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES SHOULD BE TAKEN WHENEVER POWER TO THE TAPE READER IS TURNED ON. HIGH VOLTAGE WILL CONTINUE UNTIL APPROXIMATELY 10 SECONDS AFTER THE POWER PACK HAS BEEN DISCONNECTED.

1.10 When inserting a tape that has originated from the tape punch, into a tape reader, allow some slack in the tape between the punch and the reader. This is done to close the reader tape lid.

Note: Do not place the control lever directly into the FREE position while the tape reader is operating under power. Place the control lever into the STOP position and wait until after the tape reader has stopped before moving it beyond the STOP position and into the FREE position. The FREE position of the control lever is used to facilitate the insertion and/or removal of paper tape from the tape reader. 1.11 All adjustments in the "Clutch Trip Area" should be started with the typing unit in the stop condition. It is in the stop condition when the selector armature is in its attracted (frontward) position and all clutches are disengaged.

1.12 To place the typing unit in the stop condition, hold the selector armature in its attracted (frontward) position. Rotate the main shaft clockwise (as viewed from the left) until all clutches are fully disengaged as instructed in 1.13 below.

1.13 When disengaged, a clutch is latched so that a shoe lever is held in its stop position by a trip lever while a corresponding latchlever is seated in a notch of the clutch disc. This allows the clutch shoes to release their tensions on the clutch drum. With all clutches disengaged, the main shaft will turn freely without any clutch shoes dragging.

Note 1: The clutch stop position is that position where a shoe lever contacts a trip lever.

Note 2: If the shaft is turned by hand, a clutch will not fully disengage upon reaching a <u>stop</u> <u>position</u>. Where an adjustment procedure requires disengagement, rotate the clutch to a <u>stop position</u>, apply a screwdriver to the as-<u>sociated stop-lug</u>, and push the clutch disc in the normal direction of main shaft rotation until the corresponding latchlever seats in its clutch disc notch.

Note 3: The distributor clutch will not disengage unless the answer-back drum is in its home position, which is the position where the control lever is fully detented into the indent on the answer-back drum.

1.14 There are two areas in which tape reader adjustments and spring tensions are found. As aids in locating the areas, Figures 1 and 2 are provided. They indicate the areas as follows:

Area	Figure	
Clutch trip	2	
Tape reader	1	

1.15 General Maintenance Principles:

(a) Lubrication instructions and intervals are given in the appropriate lubrication sections.

 (b) To maintain the operational effectiveness of the equipment, it is recommended that certain parts be replaced at uniform intervals.
 Below is the recommended overhaul interval as recorded in typing unit operating hours.

Operating Speed (words per minute)	Overhaul Interval	Estimated Service Life
100	1500 hrs*	4500 hrs*

*Typing unit operating hours

Replacement parts are available in overhaul maintenance kits.

2. BASIC UNIT

2.01 Clutch Trip Area

MAGNET CORE

Requirement

Magnet core slot to be perpendicular to magnet bracket pivot surface as gauged by eye.



(Right Side View)

BASE CASTING POST 2.02 **Clutch Trip Area (continued)**

TRIP LEVER OVERTRAVEL

To Check

Trip distributor clutch by momentarily holding armature in its attracted position. Rotate main shaft until cam roller is on high part of reader trip lever cam. Take up play in the armature toward the rear and release. Position the reader trip lever to the center of the armature extension.

Requirement -Min 0.010 inch --- Max 0.030 inch between the end of armature extension and latching surface of reader trip lever. To Adjust

With armature extension mounting screw loostened friction tight, position armature extension using pry point. Tighten screw.

Related Adjustment

Affects

CAM

О

CONTACT GAP (Clutch Trip Area)

TRIP MAGNET ARMATURE SPRING



2.03 Clutch Trip Area (continued)

ARMATURE EXTENSION

To Check

Place typing unit in <u>stop condition</u>. Hold armature in attracted position and rotate main shaft until a clearance of

- Min Some --- Max 0.040 inch

exists between end of armature extension and reader trip lever.

Requirement

Min Some --- Max 0.030 inch -

between the armature extension and reader trip lever at its closest point.

To Adjust

Loosen and use armature extension adjusting screw and locknut to position armature extension. Tighten adjusting screw and locknut.



2.04 Clutch Trip Area (continued)





2.06 Tape Reader Area

DETENT LEVER



2.07 Tape Reader Area (continued)

FEED PAWL (Adjustment with Gauge TP183103)



2.08 Tape Reader Area (continued)



FEED PAWL (Continued from preceding page.)

To Adjust

With two upstop bracket mounting screws FEED PAWL (Adjustment without friction tight, position upstop bracket Gauge TP183103) using upstop bracket pry point. Tighten screws. (1) To Check Note 1: If the some of 0.008 inch Place armature in attracted position and loosen two upstop bracket mounting requirement cannot be met, refine screws so that the upstop bracket does requirement (1) until it is met. not limit the feed pawl motion. Note 2: For tape readers with vibration damper plate TP183131, Requirement tighten magnet bracket mounting Min 0.020 inch --- Max 0.045 inchscrews A and B first. Then, rotate between feed pawl and ratchet tooth and the vibration damper plate until the a total of six ratchet teeth between feed upper finger presses firmly on pawl and detent lever. contact block extension. Finally tighten magnet bracket mounting To Adjust screw C. With three magnet bracket mounting screws friction tight, position magnet Recheck Requirements (1) and (2) and bracket using pry point. refine, if necessary. (2) To Check **Related Adjustments** Place armature in unattracted position. Affects Visually check to see if there is some BLOCKING PAWL (Tape Reader Area) clearance between the blocking pawl SENSING PIN (Tape Reader Area) and ratchet tooth. If not, provide Affected By clearance. See BLOCKING PAWL TRIP LEVER OVERTRAVEL (Tape (Tape Reader Area) adjustment. Place Reader Area) upstop bracket flat against downstop buffer. RATCHET TOOTH Requirement FEED PAWL Min Some --- Max 0.008 inchbetween feed pawl and ratchet tooth at point of least clearance. UPPER DETENT CONTACT FINGER LEVER BLOCK E BLOCKING EXTENSION PAWL ARMATURE UPSTOP -BRACKET UPSTOP BRACKET MOUNTING SCREW (B) PRY POINT MAGNET BRACKET VIBRATION

MAGNET BRACKET

2.09

DAMPER PLATE TP183136

The Tape Reader Area (continued)

MAGNET BRACKET MOUNTING SCREWS (Left Side View)

2.10 Tape Reader Area (continued)

BLOCKING PAWL Requirement -Min Some --- Max 0.010 inch To Check at point of least clearance between Place armature in unattracted position. Check blocking pawl and ratchet tooth. to see that there is some clearance between feed pawl and ratchet tooth. If not, provide Note: When a tape winder is used clearance. See FEED PAWL (Tape Reader - Min Some --- Max 0.003 inch Area) adjustment. at point of least clearance between blocking pawl and ratchet. To Adjust With blocking pawl bracket mounting screw loosened friction tight, position blocking pawl bracket using pry point. Tighten mounting screw. **Related Adjustments** Affected By DETENT LEVER (Tape Reader Area) FEED PAWL (Tape Reader Area) FÈED RATCHET TOOTH PAWL BLOCKING PAWL MOUNTING SCREW BLOCKING PAWL BRACKET \cap PRY POINT (Left Side View) (Rear View)

2.11 Tape Reader Area (continued)



(Left Side View)

2.12 Tape Reader Area (continued)

CONTACT WIRES* SPRING

To Check

Place control lever in START position and fully depress tape-out pin.



2.13 Tape Reader Area (continued)

<u>Note</u>: The following adjustment applies only to tape readers with automatic reader control.

START CONTACT WIRES

Requirement With the control lever in the neutral position (resting in a position midway between START and STOP positions) - Min 0.035 inch --- Max 0.055 inch between the start contact wires and their contact. To Adjust With the control lever in the FREE position, bend start contact wires between contact block and control lever cam surface with bending tool TP180993. TAPE-OUT PIN EXTENSION CONTACT BLOCK CONTROL LEVER **TAPE-OUT PIN** BENDING TOOL TP180993 CAM SURFACE START CONTACT WIRES CONTACT

(Left Side View)

2.14 Tape Reader Area (continued)



To Adjust

With mounting screw friction tight, position latch handle vertically. Tighten screw.

2.15 Tape Reader Area (continued)

TIGHT-TAPE LEVER SPRING

CONTROL DETENT SPRING



2.16 Tape Reader Area (continued)





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2.17 Tape Reader Area (continued)



2.18 Tape Reader Area (continued)

<u>Note</u>: The following adjustment applies to tape readers with early design bases.

READER MOUNTING BRACKET (Early Design)



2.19 Tape Reader Area (continued)

Note: The following adjustment applies to tape readers with late design bases.

READER MOUNTING BRACKET (Late Design)



SECTION 574-124-700TC

3. VARIATIONS TO THE BASIC UNIT

3.01 Tape Reader Area

Note: The following adjustment applies to readers equipped with timing contacts.

RESET AND BUSY SWITCH TIMING

- (1) Requirement (Preliminary) The busy and reset switches should be centered in their bracket slots.
- (2) Requirement (Final)

With the sensing pins fully down, the reset switch should be closed and the busy switch should be open. With the sensing pins fully up (energized position), the reset switch should be open and the busy switch should be closed.





-With switch mounting screws friction tight, position switches up or down. Tighten screws.

33 TAPE PUNCH

ADJUSTMENTS

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1.	GENERAL		

1.01 This section provides adjustment and maintenance information for the 33 tape punch. It is reissued to provide exclusive coverage of the 33 tape punch and to update the section. Since this is a general revision, marginal arrows ordinarily used to indicate changes and additions are omitted.

1.02 Figure 1 shows the tape punch area where the punch adjustments and spring tension checks are made.

1.03 In the adjustments covered in this section, location of clearances, position of parts, and point and angle of scale applications are illustrated by line drawings. Requirements and procedures are set forth in the several texts that accompany the line drawings. Required tools are included in TP185830 Maintenance Tool Kit and are listed in Section 570-005-800.

1.04 The sequence in which the adjustments appear should be followed when a complete readjustment of the tape punch is undertaken. No adjustment should be undertaken without completely understanding the procedure and the requirements. Read a procedure all the way through before making an adjustment or checking a spring tension.

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TAPE PUNCH AREA



Figure 1 - Tape Punch Area

Note: Remove all electrical power sources \overline{from} unit before checking or performing any adjustments.

1.05 References to left, right, front, or rear, etc consider the tape punch to be viewed from a position where the tape guide assembly faces up and the backspace lever is located to the viewer's left.

1.06 When a procedure calls for using pry points or slots to make an adjustment, place a screwdriver between the points or in the slots and pry parts in the proper direction. 1.07 If the tape punch is removed from the typing unit to facilitate making an adjustment and then replaced, recheck any adjustment that may have been affected. Also, if parts are removed from the tape punch to facilitate making an adjustment, be sure that they are replaced. Recheck any adjustment that may have been affected by the removal of the parts.

 The spring tensions specified in this section are indications, not exact values. Therefore, to obtain reliable readings, it is important that spring tensions be measured by spring scales placed in the positions shown on pertinent line drawings. Springs that do not meet their requirements should be replaced by new ones. Only springs that directly affect the operation of the tape punch are measured, however, others may be measured indirectly in the process. If this is the case and the requirement is not met, replace the springs one at a time, starting with the indicated spring, until the requirement is satisfied.

Note 1: Use spring scales which are listed in the Maintenance Tools Section 570-005-800.

Note 2: Spring tensions may be checked in any sequence.

1.09 Certain adjustments require that the tape punch be either "on" or "off." These conditions can be identified as follows:

(a) "Off" condition

(1) Manual (Punch) Controls: A tape punch is "off" when the control lever is in its clockwise detented position and fully engages the drive post.

(2) Automatic (Punch) Controls: An "automatic" tape punch is "off" when the associated typing unit is in the stop condition and the On-Off bail assembly is latched by the latch bail.

Note 1: If the automatic punch is equipped with the "On Lock" option, the "unlock" button must be depressed to enable the On-Off bail assembly to be latched.

Note 2: If the automatic punch is equipped with the interlock mechanism, the nonprint codebar must be in its unoperated position — solenoid not energized.

- (b) "On" condition
 - (1) Manual (Punch) Controls: A tape punch is "on" when the control lever is detented in its counterclockwise posi-

tion and the drive post is fully engaged by the drive link.

(2) Automatic (Punch) Controls: An automatic tape punch is ''on'' when the On-Off bail assembly is in its unlatched counterclockwise position.

1.10 With the tape punch and typing unit assembled together, all adjusting procedures should be started with the typing unit in the <u>stop condition</u>. It is in the <u>stop condition</u> when the selector armature is in its attracted (frontward) position and all clutches are disengaged.

Note: When the typing unit is in the stop $\overline{\text{condition}}$ and the punch is "on," the tape punch is said to be in the off position.

1.11 To place the typing unit in the <u>stop con-</u> <u>dition</u>, hold the selector armature in its attracted (frontward) position. Rotate the main shaft clockwise (as viewed from the left) until all clutches are fully disengaged as instructed in 1.12.

1.12 When disengaged, a clutch is latched so that a shoe lever is held in its stop position by a trip lever while a corresponding latchlever is seated in a notch of the clutch disc. This allows the clutch shoes to release their tension on the clutch drum. With all clutches disengaged, the main shaft will turn freely without any clutch shoes dragging.

Note 1: The clutch stop position is that position where a shoe lever contacts a trip lever.

Note 2: If the shaft is turned by hand, a clutch will not fully disengage upon reaching a stop position. To fully disengage a clutch, rotate the clutch to a stop position, apply a screwdriver to the associated stop-lug, and push the clutch disc in the normal direction of main shaft rotation until the corresponding latchlever seats in its clutch disc notch.

Note 3: The distributor clutch will not disengage unless the answer-back drum is in its home position, which is the position where the control lever is fully detented into the indent on the answer-back drum.



(Top View)



1. 13 Manual Operation: To manually operate the typing unit, place it in the stop condition as instructed in 1. 11. Momentarily permit the armature to move to its unattracted (rearward) position to trip the selector clutch. Slowly rotate the main shaft clockwise (as viewed from the left) until all push levers have moved under their respective selector levers. Using a spring hook, strip the push levers from under the selector levers corresponding to the spacing elements of the code combination to be set up. Then continue to rotate the main shaft until the proper condition is set up or the character is cleared through the typing unit.

1. 14 The selector levers are numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 6, and 8 from left to right.
To set up the character Y, for example, whose code combination is 1--45-78, strip the push levers from the 2, 3, and 6, selector levers.

1.15 The relationship between code levels, sensing levers, and codebar extensions is illustrated in Figure 2.

1.16 General Maintenance Principles

(a) Lubrication instructions and intervals are given in the appropriate lubrication sections.

 (b) To maintain operating effectiveness of the equipment, it is recommended that certain parts be replaced at uniform intervals.
 Indicated below is the recommended overhaul interval as recorded in typing unit operating hours.

Operating	Overhaul	Estimated Service
Speed	Interval	Life
100 wpm or 75 wpm	1500 hrs*	4500 hrs*

*Typing unit operating hours

Replacement parts are available in overhaul maintenance kits.

2. BASIC UNIT

2.01 Tape Punch Area

<u>Note 1</u>: These adjustments are to be made only if these areas have been disturbed during disassembly.

Note 2: Prior to making adjustments, remove the chad extension. Reassemble when the adjustments are completed.

PAWL UPSTOP ASSEMBLY --- PRELIMINARY Requirement The pawl upstop assembly should be LEVER positioned so that it is vertical or within PLATE POST Ø $\overline{2^{0}}$ clockwise from vertical, as gauged by eye.-PAWL UPSTOP To Adjust Ø ASSEMBLY Loosen the screw which secures the pawl upstop assembly post to the tape punch casting and position pawl upstop assembly. Tighten screw. (Left Side View) SPRING PAWI

TAPE NUDGER

<u>Note 3</u>: This adjustment applies only to tape punch castings which have an elongated tape nudger post mounting hole.

Requirement

The post should be in its most rearward position.

To Adjust

Loosen the screw which secures the post to the tape punch casting and position the post. Tighten screw.



(Left Side View)

2.02 Tape Punch Area (continued)

FEED WHEEL RATCHET AND PAWL - PRELIMINARY





(Left Side View)

2.03 Tape Punch Area (continued)

STRIPPER BAIL UPSTOP



(Left Side View)

(Front View)

2.04 Tape Punch Area (continued)

Note 1: For the adjustments which follow, the tape punch should be mounted to the typing unit. For instructions, see section titled "33 Tape Punch, Disassembly and Reassembly."

Note 2: The following Tape Punch Area adjustments must be made in sequence: TAPE PUNCH DRIVE, PUNCH PENETRATION, PAWL UPSTOP ASSEMBLY — FINAL, and FEED WHEEL RATCHET AND PAWL — FINAL. Prior to making the above adjustments, check or make the following Tape Punch Area adjustments: PAWL UPSTOP ASSEMBLY - PRELIMINARY, TAPE NUDGER, FEED WHEEL RATCHET AND PAWL - PRELIMINARY, and STRIPPER BAIL UPSTOP.

PRY POINTS

DRIVE

LINK

SPRING

TAPE PUNCH DRIVE

To Check

With no tape in the tape punch and with the tape punch "on," manually rotate the main shaft until the stripper bail is in its most forward position. Take up rear roller play toward rear and tape nudger play in a clockwise direction.

Requirement

at point of least clearance between rear roller and tape nudger.

To Adjust



Page 8

2.05 Tape Punch Area (continued)

PUNCH PENETRATION



2.06 Tape Punch Area (continued)

PAWL UPSTOP ASSEMBLY - FINAL

To Check

With the tape punch "on," set up an all-marking code combination in the selector. Manually rotate the main shaft until the stripper bail is in its rearmost position.

<u>Note 1</u>: For tape punches equipped with the answer-back blocking option or automatic controls, use the following "To Check" procedure:

To Check

With the tape punch "on," set up the code combination in the selector that will cause the special feature to operate. Manually rotate the main shaft until the stripper bail is in its rearmost position. Check requirement (1). Then, set up an all-marking code combination in selector. Manually rotate the main shaft until the stripper bail is in its rearmost position. Check requirement (2).

(1) Requirement

Min 0.005 inch---Max 0.020 inchbetween the leftmost sensing lever (Figure 2) and its associated pawl.

<u>Note 2</u>: For tape punches equipped with automatic controls, the requirement will be checked between the second from the left sensing lever (Figure 2) and its associated pawl.

Note 3: There should also be some $\overline{\text{clearance between the rightmost sensing}}$ lever (Figure 2) and its associated pawl.

<u>Note 4</u>: "Some clearance" can be determined by feeling movement when pressing down on a sensing lever while holding its assembled lever in its most downward position.

(2) Requirement

Some clearance between the feed lever and its associated pawl and each sensing lever and its associated pawl.



Loosen the screw which secures the pawl upstop assembly post to the tape punch casting. Provide proper clearance by rotating the pawl upstop assembly. Tighten screw. Recheck requirement (1) above and refine if necessary. Remake <u>STRIPPER BAIL UPSTOP</u> (Tape Punch Area) adjustment.

CAUTION: EXERCISE CARE AND SEE THAT THE PLATE OF THE PAWL UPSTOP ASSEMBLY ALWAYS GUIDES THE PAWL AND LEVER SIMULTANEOUSLY. AVOID ROTATING PLATE IN A COUNTERCLOCKWISE DIRECTION FROM ITS VERTICAL POSITION IF POSSIBLE.



(Left Side View)

2.07 Tape Punch Area (continued)

FEED WHEEL RATCHET AND PAWL - FINAL

To Check

With no tape in the tape punch and with the tape punch "on," set up an all-marking code combination in the selector. Manually rotate the main shaft until the stripper bail is in its rearmost position. Take up all play in stripper bail toward the front.

Requirement

With feed wheel ratchet in its fully detented position Min some---Max 0.005 inch ______ between the feed pawl and feed wheel ratchet tooth.

To Adjust

Loosen screw and position plate w/bushing using pry points. Tighten screw. Backspace feed wheel ratchet one full revolution, one tooth at a time, using backspace lever. Check each tooth to see if the requirement is met. Gauge by eye. Readjust where necessary.

Note: On late designed units equipped with \overline{a} support plate, remove the two mounting screws and nut. Then move the support plate out of the way to facilitate checking this adjustment.



2.08 Tape Punch Area (continued)

TEN CHARACTERS PER INCH

<u>Note:</u> From left to right, with the smooth side of TP156011 gauge up, there are six holes in line — five holes with 0.072-inch diameters and one hole with a 0.086-inch diameter.

To Check

-Position one end of spring to lower notch of arm w/bushing. Operate the typing unit under power and perforate an alternate R and "hyphen" code combination in approximately 8 inches of tape. Tear the 8-inch length of punched tape from the tape punch and place it to the smooth side of TP156011 gauge. Concentrically align a no. 2 code hole of the punched tape with the first 0.072-inch diameter hole of TP156011 gauge.



Page 12
2.09 Tape Punch Area (continued)

TAPE BIAS SPRING

Requirement

-With tape removed from the tape punch, tape bias spring should rest against side of die plate and should be symmetrical about the tape opening, as gauged by eye.



2.10 Tape Punch Area (continued)

CODEBAR EXTENSION SPRINGS





(Rear View)

SENSING LEVER SPRINGS



(Left Side View)

2.11 Tape Punch Area (continued)



EARLY DESIGN

LATE DESIGN

(Left Side Views)

2.12 Tape Punch Area (continued)

FEED PAWL SPRING



(Left Side View)

DETENT LEVER SPRING



2.13 Tape Punch Area (continued)







2.15 Tape Punch Area (continued)

DRIVE LINK SPRING



PUNCH BLOCK ASSEMBLY

To Check

Remove the punch block assembly from the tape punch. Replace after performing this adjustment. (For instructions, see the appropriate tape punch section.)



3. VARIATIONS TO THE BASIC UNIT

3.01 Automatic Control Mechanisms



With the typing unit in the stop condition and the tape punch "on," gently oscillate the control bail assembly from its clockwise position to its counterclockwise position and back again. Repeat this oscillating motion several times while noting requirements.

-(1) Requirement

The control bail assembly should be free from binds along its normal travel.

(2) Requirement

When released from its counterclockwise position, the control bail assembly should return to its clockwise position under spring tension.

To Adjust

Note: Parts should not be bent, other than specifically directed.

Remove the latch bail spring, control bail spring (not illustrated), and left mounting screw which secures the left side of TP182388 post. The TP182388 post threaded hole should be concentric to the left mounting screw hole. If necessary, bend TP182388 post about its right mounting screw (not illustrated). Reassemble left mounting screw and tighten. Replace springs. Recheck requirements and refine adjustment if necessary.

3.02 Automatic Control Mechanisms (continued)



To Adjust

Loosen screws and position latch bail using pry points. Tighten screws.

3.03 Automatic Control Mechanisms (continued)



Refine requirement under (1) To Check.

3.04 Automatic Control Mechanisms (continued)

SENSING LEVER AND BAIL GAP

<u>Note</u>: This adjustment applies only to tape punches equipped with the sense suppression option -- TP182430 bail etc.

To Check

Place the tape punch "off."

Requirement

The sensing lever associated with the leftmost code level (Figure 2) should be ——Min 0.010 inch underflush---Max 0.010 inch overflush with the bail.

To Adjust

Loosen screws and position bail using pry points. Tighten screws.





3.05 Automatic Control Mechanisms (continued)

LATCH BAIL GAP

Note: This adjustment applies only to tape punches equipped with tape punch interlock mechanism.

To Check

Place the typing unit in the <u>stop condition</u> and the tape punch "off." Place the nonprint codebar in its operated position (solenoid energized).

Requirement

Min 0.015 inch---Max 0.030 inch between the latch bail and TP182384 lever.

To Adjust

Remove punch interlock spring. Loosen clampscrew and position lever using pry points. Tighten screw and replace spring.



(Left Side View)

3.06 Automatic Control Mechanisms (continued)

VISUAL ''ON OFF'' INDICATOR

Note: This adjustment applies only to tape punches equipped with the visual ON OFF indicator option.

Requirement To Check The gaps should be equal, With the tape punch cover in place as gauged by eye. over the tape punch, place the tape punch "off." Note the gap between To Adjust the rear edge of the cover opening With the tape punch lid removed and the rear edge of the indicator from the tape punch cover, loosen arm. Place the tape punch "on." screw post and position indicator Note the gap between the front arm. Tighten screw post. edge of the cover opening and the front edge of the indicator arm. COVER OPENING SCREW POST TAPE PUNCH COVER INDICATOR ARM SPRING Ø CONTROL BAIL ASSEMBLY SPRING Note: This adjustment applies only to tape punches equipped with the (Left Side View) visual ON OFF indicator option. Requirement With tape punch "off" - Min 2 oz---Max 3 oz to pull spring to installed length.

3.07 Automatic Control Mechanisms (continued)



CONTROL BAIL ASSEMBLY SPRING

Note: This adjustment applies only to tape punches which are not equipped with visual ON OFF

With the tape punch "off" -Min 2 - 1/2 oz - - -Max 3 - 1/4 ozto pull the spring to installed length.

"LOCK ON"

Note: This adjustment applies only to tape punches equipped with the LOCK ON option - TP184200 lock bail, etc.

To Check

Place the tape punch in the "off" condition. Depress the LOCK ON pushbutton and allow the TP184200 lock bail to latch the TP182466 lever.

1. A. C.



(Left Side View)

(Left Side View)

3.08 Automatic Control Mechanisms (continued)

AUTOMATIC ''ON'

<u>Note:</u> This adjustment applies only to tape punches equipped with the LOCK ON option.

To Check

With the tape punch "on," depress the UNLOCK pushbutton. Set up the TAPE (-2--5--) code combination in the selecor. Manually rotate the main shaft until the drive link is in its most forward position.

Requirement



(Left Side View)

(Front View)

3.09 Automatic Control Mechanisms (continued)



3.10 Miscellaneous

FOLDED TAPE GUIDE

(1) Requirement

With no tape in the punch, the bracket should be flush to the top surface of the punch block casting.

To Adjust

Loosen screw and position bracket. Tighten screw.

Note 1: This adjustment applies only to tape punches equipped with TP185705 folded tape guide modification kit.



(Left Side View)



Note 2: Check <u>TEN CHARACTERS</u> <u>PER INCH</u> requirement and refine if necessary.

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2.05 Tape Punch Area



Note: This adjustment applies only to tape punches equipped with the automatic control visual ON-OFF indicator option.

To Check

With the tape punch cover in place over the tape punch, place the tape punch "off." Note the gap between the rear edge of the cover opening and the rear edge of the indicator arm. Place the tape punch "on." Note the gap between the front edge of the cover opening and the front edge of the indicator arm. Requirement

The gaps should be equal, as gauged by eye.

To Adjust

. With the tape punch lid removed from the tape punch cover, loosen screw post and position indicator arm. Tighten screw post.

